

Registration No. 200001021690 (524297-T)

AN INTEGRATED EMS PROVIDER

ANNUAL REPORT 2021



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FORM OF PROXY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-First (21st") Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of SKP RESOURCES BHD ("the Company") will be held on a fully virtual basis vide the Online Meeting Platform hosted on Securities Services e-Portal at https://sshsb.net.my/ provided by SS E Solutions Sdn. Bhd. on Wednesday, 29 September 2021 at 3:00 p.m. or at any adjournment thereof for the following purposes:-

Day, Date and Time : Wednesday, 29 September 2021 at 3:00 p.m.

Meeting Platform/Venue : Securities Services e-Portal at https://sshsb.net.my/

provided by SS E Solutions Sdn. Bhd. at Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur,

Wilayah Persekutuan

Meeting Title : SKP RESOURCES BHD'S FULLY VIRTUAL AGM

Mode of Communication : Prior to the AGM:-

(1) Submit questions to the Board prior to the AGM by writing/ emailing to secretarial@skpres.com, no later than Monday, 27 September 2021 at 3:00 p.m.

During the AGM:-

Primary Mode of Communication

(2) Pose questions to the Board vide real-time submission of typed texts at https://sshsb.net.my/ during the live streaming of the AGM.

Alternative Mode of Communication

(3) In the event of any technical glitch affecting the Primary Mode of Communication, Members and/or proxies may email their questions to eservices@sshsb.com.my during the Meeting. Dedicated personnel will be monitoring this email address and forward your enquiries to the Chairman of the AGM accordingly.

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

 To receive the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon. Please refer to Explanatory Notes

2. To re-elect Mr. Koh Chin Koon, a Director of the Company, who retires by rotation in accordance with Clause 119 of the Company's Constitution and being eligible, has offered himself for re-election.

Ordinary Resolution 1

- 3. To re-elect the following Directors who retire in accordance with Clause 118 of the Company's Constitution and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election:-
 - (a) Ms. Anita Chew Cheng Im; and
 - (b) Mr. Goh Kah Im

Ordinary Resolution 2 Ordinary Resolution 3

 To approve the payment of Directors' fees of RM184,356/- for the financial year ended 31 March 2021. **Ordinary Resolution 4**

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5. To approve the payment of Directors' fees of RM457,500/- for the period from 1 April 2021 to 30 September 2022, to be payable on a quarterly basis in arrears.

Ordinary Resolution 5

 To re-appoint Ernst & Young PLT as Auditors of the Company until the conclusion of the next AGM and to authorise the Board of Directors of the Company to fix their remuneration. **Ordinary Resolution 6**

SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and if thought fit, with or without modification to pass the following resolutions:-

7. RETENTION OF MR. KOH SONG HENG AS AN INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY

Ordinary Resolution 7

"THAT Mr. Koh Song Heng who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years be and is hereby retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director in accordance with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance."

8. AUTHORITY TO ISSUE SHARES PURSUANT TO THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

Ordinary Resolution 8

"THAT subject always to the Companies Act 2016 ("the Act"), the Constitution of the Company and the approvals from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and any other relevant governmental and/or regulatory authorities, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby empowered pursuant to the Act, to issue and allot shares in the capital of the Company from time to time at such price and upon such terms and conditions, for such purposes and to such person or persons whomsoever the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit provided always that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being;

AND THAT the Directors be and are also empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on Bursa Securities;

AND FURTHER THAT such authority shall commence immediately upon the passing of this resolution and continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company."

9. PROPOSED RENEWAL OF AUTHORITY FOR THE COMPANY TO PURCHASE ITS OWN SHARES ("PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHARE BUY-BACK AUTHORITY")

Ordinary Resolution 9

"THAT subject to Section 127 of the Act, the Constitution of the Company, the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and all other applicable laws, rules and regulations and guidelines for the time being in force and the approvals of all relevant governmental and/or regulatory authority, approval be and is hereby given to the Company, to purchase such number of ordinary shares in the Company as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time through Bursa Securities as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the interest of the Company, provided that:-

(i) the aggregate number of ordinary shares to be purchased and/or held by the Company does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company as quoted on Bursa Securities as at the point of purchase; and

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(ii) the maximum funds to be allocated by the Company for the purpose of purchasing its own shares shall not exceed the aggregate of the retained profits of the Company based on the latest audited financial statements and/or the latest management accounts of the Company (where applicable) available at the time of the purchase(s).

THAT upon completion of the purchase by the Company of its own shares, the Directors of the Company be authorised to deal with the shares purchased in their absolute discretion in the following manner:-

- (i) cancel all the shares so purchased; and/or
- (ii) retain the shares so purchased in treasury for distribution as dividend to the shareholders and/or resell on the market of Bursa Securities; and/or
- (iii) retain part thereof as treasury shares and cancel the remainder; and/or

in any other manner as prescribed by the Act, rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act and the requirements of Bursa Securities and any other relevant authority for the time being in force.

THAT such authority conferred by this resolution shall commence upon the passing of this resolution and shall continue to be in force until: -

- (a) the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company following this AGM at which such resolution was passed, at which time it will lapse, unless by an ordinary resolution passed at that meeting, the authority is renewed, either unconditionally or subject to conditions; or
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM of the Company after that date is required by law to be held; or
- (c) revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at a general meeting;

whichever occurs first.

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be authorised to do all acts, deeds and things as they may consider expedient or necessary in the best interest of the Company to give full effect to the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, variations and/or amendments as may be imposed by the relevant authorities and to take all such steps, and do all such acts and things as they may deem fit and expedient in the best interest of the Company."

To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Act.

By Order of the Board

CHUA SIEW CHUAN (MAICSA 0777689) (SSM PC NO. 201908002648) Company Secretary

Kuala Lumpur 30 August 2021

cont'd

Notes:

(a) As a precautionary measure amid the outbreak of Coronavirus Disease ("COVID-19") pandemic, the Company shall conduct the AGM fully virtual via the Remote Participation and Voting ("RPV") facilities provided by SS E Solutions Sdn Bhd via its Securities Services e-Portal at https://sshsb.net.my/.

According to the Guidance Note and Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") on the Conduct of General Meetings for Listed Issuers revised by the Securities Commission Malaysia on 16 July 2021 ("Guidance Note and FAQs"), an online meeting platform can be recognised as the meeting venue or place under Section 327(2) of the Act provided that the online platform is registered with MyNIC Berhad or hosted in Malaysia.

Shareholders WILL NOT BE ALLOWED to attend the AGM in person at the Meeting Venue on the day of the Meeting.

By utilising the RPV facilities at Securities Services e-Portal (prior registration as a User is required), shareholders are to remotely participate, speak (by way of posing questions to the Board via real time submission of typed texts) and cast their votes at the AGM. Please refer to the Administrative Guide for procedures to utilise the RPV facilities and take note of Notes (b) to (h) below in order to participate remotely via RPV facilities.

- (b) In respect of deposited securities, only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors on **22 September 2021** ("General Meeting Record of Depositors") shall be eligible to participate, speak and vote at the Meeting.
- (c) A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint more than one (1) proxy to attend and vote in his stead. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- (d) A proxy may but does not need to be a member of the Company and a member may appoint any person to be his proxy without limitation. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy. A proxy appointed to participate, speak and vote at the Meeting shall have the same rights as the member to speak at the Meeting.

As guided by the Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidance Note and FAQs on the Conduct of General Meetings for Listed Issuers as revised, the right to speak is not limited to verbal communication only but includes other modes of expression. Therefore, all members, proxies and/or corporate representatives shall communicate with the main venue of the 21st AGM via real time submission of typed texts through a text box within Securities Services e-Portal's platform during the live streaming of the 21st AGM as the primary mode of communication. In the event of any technical glitch in this primary mode of communication, members, proxies or corporate representatives may email their questions to eservices@sshsb.com.my during the 21st AGM. The questions and/or remarks submitted by the members, proxies and/or corporate representatives will be broadcasted and responded by the Chairman, Board of Directors and/or Management during the Meeting.

- (e) In the case of a corporate member, the instrument appointing a proxy must be either under its common seal or under the hand of its officer or attorney duly authorised.
- (f) Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- (g) A member who has appointed a proxy or attorney or authorised representative to participate, speak and vote at the AGM via RPV facilities must request his/her proxy to register himself/herself for RPV facilities at Securities Services e-Portal at https://sshsb.net.my/. Please refer to the Administrative Guide for procedures to utilise the RPV facilities.
- (h) Publication of Notice of AGM and Proxy Form on corporate website

Pursuant to Section 320(2) of the Act, a copy of this Notice together with the Proxy Form are available at the corporate website of SKP Resources Bhd at https://www.skpres.com/AR.html

(i) Submission of Proxy Form in either hard copy form or electronic form

The appointment of proxy(ies) may now be made either in hard copy form or by electronic form, and, shall be deposited with the Company's Poll Administrator, namely, SS E Solutions Sdn Bhd, either at the designated office as stated below or vide Securities Services e-Portal, not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM or adjournment thereof (i.e. on or before Monday, 27 September 2021 at 3:00 p.m.):-

Mode of Submission Designated Address

Hard copy SS E Solutions Sdn Bhd

Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara Heights,

50490 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan Fax: 03-2094 9940 and/or 03-2095 0292

Email: eservices@sshsb.com.my

Electronic appointment Securities Services e-Portal

Weblink: https://sshsb.net.mv/

Explanatory Notes on Ordinary and Special Businesses: -

Audited Financial Statements

This agenda item is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 340(1)(a) of the Act, does not require a formal approval of the shareholders for the audited financial statements. As such, this agenda item will not be put forward for voting.

Ordinary Resolutions 4 and 5 - Directors' Fees

This proposed ordinary resolutions are in accordance with Clause 132 of the Company's Constitution. These resolutions, if passed, will authorise the payment of Directors' fees to Directors of the Company for their services as Directors for the following periods as below:

- (a) Ordinary Resolution 4 on payment of Directors' fees in respect of the preceding financial year 2021; and
- (b) Ordinary Resolution 5 on payment of Directors' fees for the period from 1 April 2021 to 30 September 2022, i.e. until the next AGM in 2022 and to be payable on a quarterly basis in arrears. This Ordinary Resolution 5 is to facilitate payment of Directors' fees on current financial year basis.

Ordinary Resolution 6 - Re-appointment of Auditors

The Audit Committee ("AC") have assessed the suitability and independence of the External Auditors and recommended the re-appointment of Ernst & Young PLT as External Auditors of the Company for the financial year ending 31 March 2022. The Board has in turn reviewed the recommendation of the AC and recommended the same to be tabled to the shareholders for approval at the forthcoming 21st AGM of the Company.

Ordinary Resolution 7 - Retention as an Independent Director

Mr. Koh Song Heng was re-designated as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 25 July 2012 and has served the Board for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years. The Board through the Nomination Committee of the Company, after having assessed the collective skills, experience and independence of Mr. Koh Song Heng, regarded him to be independent based amongst others, the following justifications and recommends that Mr. Koh Song Heng be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company, subject to the approval from the shareholders of the Company: -

- (i) He has fulfilled the criteria under the independence guidelines as set out in Chapter 1 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and had expressed his willingness to continue in office as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company;
- (ii) He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and has not been entering/is not expected to enter into contract(s) especially material contract(s) with the Company and/or its subsidiary companies; and
- (iii) His vast experience and incumbent knowledge of the Company's business would enable him to provide the Board with a diverse set of experience, expertise and independent judgement without the influence of the Management.

Ordinary Resolution 8 - Authority to Issue Shares Pursuant to the Act

This proposed Ordinary Resolution 8, if passed, will give a renewal mandate to the Directors of the Company the authority to issue and allot new ordinary shares in the Company at any time, to such person or persons, upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit ("General Mandate"), provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this General Mandate, during the preceding twelve (12) months, does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company at the time of issue. This renewed General Mandate, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

With this renewed General Mandate, the Company will be able to raise funds expeditiously for the purpose of funding future investment, working capital and/or acquisition(s) without having to convene a general meeting to seek shareholders' approval when such opportunities or needs arise.

The Company had been granted a mandate by its shareholders at the Twentieth AGM held on 25 September 2020 ("Previous Mandate"). As at the date of this Notice, no new shares were issued pursuant to the Previous Mandate and hence, no proceeds were raised therefrom.

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Ordinary Resolution 9 - Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority

This proposed resolution, if passed, would empower the Directors of the Company to purchase the Company's ordinary shares of up to ten per centum (10%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company at any time within the time period stipulated in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities by utilising the funds allocated which shall not exceed the Company's retained profits based on the latest audited financial statements and/or the latest management accounts of the Company (where applicable) available at the time of the purchase(s).

Please refer to the Statement to Shareholders dated 30 August 2021 for further information.

Personal Data Privacy:

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to participate, speak and vote at the 21st AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

DATO' GAN KIM HUAT

Executive Chairman cum Managing Director

GAN POH SAN

Executive Director

KOH CHIN KOON

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director (re-designated w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

KOH SONG HENG

Independent Non-Executive Director

ANITA CHEW CHENG IM

Independent Non-Executive Director (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

GOH KAH IM

Independent Non-Executive Director (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Koh Song Heng (Chairman) Koh Chin Koon Goh Kah Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Koh Song Heng (Chairman) Koh Chin Koon Goh Kah Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Koh Song Heng (Chairman) Anita Chew Cheng Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Koh Chin Koon (Chairman) Koh Song Heng Anita Chew Cheng Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Chua Siew Chuan (MAICSA 0777689) (SSM PC No. 201908002648)

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young PLT

202006000003(LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Level 16-1, Jaya 99, Tower B, 99, Jalan Tun Sri Lanang, 75100 Melaka, Malaysia

Telephone: 606-852 5300 Facsimile: 606-283 2899

REGISTERED OFFICE

Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur Telephone: 603-2084 9000

Facsimile : 603-2094 9940

HEAD OFFICE

No.421, 4th Miles Jalan Kluang, 83000 Batu Pahat, Johor Darul Takzim Telephone: 607-432 5707 Facsimile: 607-434 0213

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hong Leong Bank Berhad RHB Bank Berhad United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Malayan Banking Berhad

SHARE REGISTRAR

Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn. Bhd. [199601006647 (378993-D)]

11th Floor, Menara Symphony, No. 5, Jalan Prof. Khoo Kay Kim, Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan Telephone: 603-7890 4700 Facsimile: 603-7890 4670

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

(Main Market)

Sector : Industrial Products Stock Code : 7155 Stock Name : SKPRES

WEBSITE

www.skpres.com

CORPORATE STRUCTURE

AS AT 30 JULY 2021



DIRECTORS' PROFILE



DATO' GAN KIM HUATAge 73, Malaysian, Male | Executive Chairman cum Managing Director

Date of Appointment	3 December 2002			
Membership of Board Committees	Nil			
Qualification and Working Experience	Dato' Gan has over 30 years of experience in plastics injection moulding and is a well-known entrepreneur in the local plastics industry due to his wide knowledge of plastics manufacturing and network of contacts in the industry. Dato' Gan has also cultivated excellent relationships with the customers of the Group.			
Present Directorship(s) (i) Other Listed Entities (ii) Other Public Companies	Nil Nil			
Family relationship with any director and/ or major shareholder of the Company	Dato' Gan is the father of Mr. Gan Poh San, the Executive Director and a major shareholder of the Company. Dato' Gan is also a major shareholder of the Company.			
Conflict of interest with the Company, if any	Dato' Gan has no any conflict of interest with the Company except as disclosed in the financial statements.			
Convictions for offences within the past five (5) years and any particulars of public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year	("Bursa Securities") on 29 November 2016, with a total fine of RM75,000/for breaching paragraph 9.03(1) and 9.08(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR") of Bursa Securities by SKP Resources Berhad.			
	On 3 April 2017, Dato' Gan was publicly reprimanded by Bursa Securities with a fine of RM50,000/- for breaching paragraph 16.13(b) of the MMLR of Bursa Securities in relation to his former directorship in Rohas Tecnic Berhad.			
Number of board meetings attended in the financial year	5/5			



GAN POH SAN Age 45, Malaysian, Male | Executive Director

Date of Appointment	3 December 2002
Membership of Board Committees	Nil
Qualification and Working Experience	Mr. Gan received his Bachelor of Arts (Honours) majoring in Accounting and Finance from Staffordshire University and further obtained his MSc. in Finance from Imperial College (Management School), United Kingdom in 1998.
	In 1998, he joined Syarikat Sin Kwang Plastic Industries Sdn. Bhd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as a management trainee and was subsequently sent to Kai Japanese School and Nissei Plastics School in Japan to study Japanese language and plastic engineering respectively. His proficiency in speaking Japanese language enables him to communicate easily with the Group's Japanese customers.
Present Directorship(s) (i) Other Listed Entities (ii) Other Public Companies	Nil Nil
Family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder of the Company	Mr. Gan is the son of Dato' Gan Kim Huat, the Executive Chairman cum Managing Director as well as a major shareholder of the Company. Mr. Gan is also a major shareholder of the Company.
Conflict of interest with the Company, if any	Mr. Gan has no any conflict of interest with the Company except as disclosed in the financial statements.
Convictions for offences within the past five (5) years and any particulars of public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year	Mr. Gan was publicly reprimanded by Bursa Securities on 29 November 2016, with a total fine of RM75,000/- for breaching paragraph 9.03(1) and 9.08(2) of the MMLR of Bursa Securities by SKP Resources Berhad.
	On 3 April 2017, Mr. Gan was publicly reprimanded by Bursa Securities with a fine of RM50,000/- for breaching paragraph 16.13(b) of the MMLR of Bursa Securities in relation to his former directorship in Rohas Tecnic Berhad.
Number of board meetings attended in the financial year	5/5

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



KOH CHIN KOON Age 51, Malaysian, Male | Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Date of Appointment	4 March 2005 (i) Re-designated as the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director on 27 July 2014. (ii) Re-designated as the Non-Independent Non-Executive Director on 24 September 2020.
Membership of Board Committees	Chairman of Risk Management Committee Member of Audit Committee Member of Nomination Committee
Qualification and Working Experience	Mr. Koh Chin Koon completed his Bachelor Degree in University of Malaya in year 1995 and joined Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) and Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia (CTIM) in July 1999 and September 2000 respectively.
	He became an approved tax agent under Section 153(3)(b) of the Income Tax Act, 1967. He was employed by Arthur Andersen & Co as a Tax Assistant after he completed his Bachelor Degree and promoted as a Tax Experience Senior during the employment. He left Arthur Andersen & Co and joined Chin & Co as a Tax Manager in February 2001. After having obtained a wide range of experience from his past employment involved in advising clients including private companies, public listed companies and quasi government organisations, he set up Koh & Siow Management Services in May 2001.
Present Directorship(s) (i) Other Listed Entities (ii) Other Public Companies	Nil Nil
Family relationship with any director and/ or major shareholder of the Company	Nil
Conflict of interest with the Company, if any	Nil
Convictions for offences within the past five (5) years and any particulars of public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year	Nil
Number of board meetings attended in the financial year	4/5



KOH SONG HENG Age 64, Malaysian, Male | Independent Non-Executive Director

Date of Appointment	29 February 2008 Appointed as Non-Independent Non-Executive Director on 29 February 2008 and was re-designated as Independent Non-Executive Director on 25 July 2012.
Membership of Board Committees	Chairman of Audit Committee Chairman of Nomination Committee Chairman of Remuneration Committee Member of Risk Management Committee
Qualification and Working Experience	Mr. Koh Song Heng graduated with a Bachelor of Arts Degree with Honours, majoring in Law & Economic disciplines in Modern Studies in 1982.
	He has over 23 years of experience in management and administration of Local and Export Products development.
Present Directorship(s) (i) Other Listed Entities (ii) Other Public Companies	Nil Polymer Link Holdings Berhad
Family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder of the Company	Nil
Conflict of interest with the Company, if any	Nil
Convictions for offences within the past five (5) years and any particulars of public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year	Nil
Number of board meetings attended in the financial year	5/5

DIRECTORS' PROFILE cont'd



ANITA CHEW CHENG IMAge 54, Malaysian, Female | Independent Non-Executive Director

Date of Appointment	14 December 2020					
Membership of Board Committees	Member of Remuneration Committee Member of Risk Management Committee					
Qualification and Working Experience	Ms. Anita started her career as an audit assistant at KPMG, Melbourne in 1990 While in KPMG, she was engaged in the audit of the media, retail and mining industries.					
	In 1992, she joined the Corporate Finance Department of Bumiputra Merchant Bankers Berhad (now known as Alliance Investment Bank Berhad after merging with Amanah Bank Berhad) and was with the investment bank for approximately 5 years. Subsequently, she held the position of Director, Corporate Finance at Alliance Investment Bank Berhad from 1997 to 2003. From 2003 to 2007, she worked at HwangDBS Investment Bank Berhad as the Senior Vice President, Equity Capital Market.					
	She was mainly involved in corporate finance and related matters during her 15-year tenure in the various investment banks, having advised clients on numerous IPOs, fund raising and corporate and debt restructuring exercises.					
Present Directorship(s) (i) Other Listed Entities	(i) MK Land Holdings Berhad (ii) Notion Vtec Berhad (iii) K-One Technology Berhad					
(ii) Other Public Companies	Nil					
Family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder of the Company	Nil					
Conflict of interest with the Company, if any	Nil					
Convictions for offences within the past five (5) years and any particulars of public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year	Nil					
Number of board meetings attended in the financial year	2/2					

DIRECTORS' PROFILE



GOH KAH IMAge 55, Malaysian, Male | Independent Non-Executive Director

Date of Appointment	14 December 2020				
Membership of Board Committees	Member of Audit Committee Member of Nomination Committee				
Qualification and Working Experience	Mr. Goh has 20 years of experience as senior managers and is presently freelance management consultant. Prior to this, he had held various senior managerial positions in Oxford University Press Group, a department of the University of Oxford, United Kingdom and in the steel industry working from the largest companies in Australia, BHP/BlueScope Group. In addition Mr. Goh also served as group accountant at Star Cruise and audit senior a Deloitte Kassim Chan, an international public accounting firm based in Kual Lumpur.				
	Mr. Goh graduated from the University of Otago, New Zealand in 1989 with a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting) degree. He is currently a Chartered Accountant registered with the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.				
	Mr. Goh presently is an Independent Director of Fortress Minerals Ltd, a company listed on the Catalist Board of the Singapore Exchange Trading Ltd (SGX Ltd).				
Present Directorship(s) (i) Other Listed Entities (ii) Other Public Companies	Nil Nil				
Family relationship with any director and/ or major shareholder of the Company	Nil				
Conflict of interest with the Company, if any	Nil				
Convictions for offences within the past five (5) years and any particulars of public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year	Nil				
Number of board meetings attended in the financial year	2/2				

PROFILE OF KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT



Aged 53, male, a Malaysian, joined the Group in 1994 as an Accountant, and was subsequently promoted to Group Financial Controller.

Mr. Kau is an Associate member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (CIMA) in the United Kingdom, a member of the Chartered Global Management Accountants (CGMA) and also a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA).

He has more than 29 years of work experience in financial and management accounting.

He has no family relationship with other Directors nor major shareholders of SKP, no conflict of interest with SKP and no conviction for offences, public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies within the past 5 years, other than traffic offences.



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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

"Another Milestone for SKP,

FY 2021 Year of Record Revenue and Profits, and SKP is now rank 40th in the MMI's Annual List of the Top 50 Largest EMS Providers in the World"

Dear Shareholders.

I am sure that you are well aware and have experience to live with the Covid-19 Pandemic for most parts of our daily lives throughout the financial year ended 31st March 2021 ("FY 2021"). There are simply no words to describe the challenging conditions and struggles that we all endured as individuals, family or as a corporate entity.

Due to the imposition of the Movement Control Order ("MCO") on the 16th March 2020, our Group of companies had an extremely difficult start for the FY 2021 as most of our factories have to suspend its operations during that time. Practically for the entire month of April 2020, only 2 of our plants which were classified as essential services were allowed to operate.

Throughout this Pandemic, our Group have strictly adhered to the standard operating procedures as directed by the Ministry of Health ("MOH") and implemented extensive health and safety measures to ensure the necessary safeguards are in place to prevent the spread of Covid-19 as well as to ensure that our employees are provided with a safe and healthy working environment.

Despite all the precautionary measures that our Group have rigorously put in place, our Group was not spared from the rapid spread of Covid-19 across Malaysia. On 8th January 2021, we received information that 5 employees of a wholly-owned subsidiary had been tested positive for Covid-19. The management immediately notified the MOH and provided proper medical care for the affected employees who were placed on quarantine.

Subsequently on the 15th January 2021, as a health precautionary measure to facilitate the Covid-19 screening of our employees, the management decided to voluntarily shut down our Johor Bahru operations from 16th January to 29th January 2021.

Against the backdrop of the Covid-19 pandemic led disruptions and stoppages to the Group operations as highlighted above, I am extremely proud to share with you that our Group continue to outperform and register a record breaking revenue and profit after tax ("PAT") for the Group at RM2.25 billion and RM133.24 million respectively.

On top of these record breaking financial figures, our Group achieved another milestone when the Global Publication of Manufacturing Market Insider ("MMI") dated March 2021 included SKP in their annual list of Top 50 largest Electronics Manufacturing Services ("EMS") providers in the world with a ranking of 40th.

Indeed, this is a proud moment for our Group as we look back on the journey from the humble beginnings to the Top 50 EMS providers in the world. To face with so many challenges during all these years and especially more so in FY 2021 (Covid-19 pandemic), to receive and being recognised as the Top 50 EMS providers in the world, this will serve as a huge inspirations to the Group and propel us to greater heights in the coming years.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT AND

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

cont'd

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

In FY 2021, the Group registered a steady growth in both our EMS and non EMS sectors. Our Group achieved a revenue surpassing the RM2 billion mark for the second time in our group history.

The Group recorded a revenue of RM2.25 billion as compared to RM1.83 billion in the previous financial year representing a 23% increase. Additionally, the Group achieved a PAT of RM133.24 million for FY 2021 as compared to RM72.14 million for FY 2020, representing a 85% year-on-year increase due to an overall improved capacity utilization and the launch of several new products during the year.

Throughout FY 2021, this is by far the most challenging year which our Group had witnessed in our entire history. I would like to put down on record that our Group is blessed to have a very strong and unified management team of personnel. The strong set of results that we achieved in FY 2021 would not have been made possible without them. They have demonstrated leadership, positivity, creativity, amongst many more accolades during these exceptional period of times.

In many occasion, our manufacturing organisations face significant operational challenges such as increasing health and occupational risks, supply chain disruptions, and managed to ensure business continuity amongst many others. In response towards above mentioned risks, our team ramped up our internal communications including regular sharing of information about the group's evolving knowledge of the crisis and applying these best practices to protect both our employees and the organisation business at the same time. Our message and content has proven to be consistent, factual and effective.

In short, we reconfigured our operations in order to keep our employees safe and responded proactively to changes in the wider value chain. For as long as Covid-19 exist, our team will continue to develop new capabilities in our transition to the "new" normal for our manufacturing plants.

It was evident during the crisis that hard choices need to be made, and problem solving was extremely difficult. The management had to strike a near perfect balance in managing the Group of companies and weighing the costs and benefits of every single decision we had to make. On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to thank each and every one of you for your dedication, sacrifice, focus and hard work in the past twelve months. My heart also goes out to all our workers at our factories whom have worked tirelessly during this crisis to ensure that our production delivery stay on course.

To recap, the Group had invested RM102 million in the previous FY 2020. These long term investments (especially state of the art manufacturing facilities) have proven critical and are instrumental to allow the Group to pursue its objectives in FY 2021 and beyond. With these added capabilities and capacities, the Group had been able to manage its business operation far more efficiently compared to before and the above Group results are a testimony to our strategy.

Our long term plans remains intact and we will continue to invest for the future. During FY 2021, the Group invested approximately RM56 million in properties, plant and equipment across our EMS and non EMS businesses. These investments will serve as a platform for us to broaden our capabilities and to attract a diverse customer base.

Ultimately, we continue to see a strong demand for our manufacturing services across all segments. Technically we had only operated for 10 and a half months during FY 2021 due to the MCO and the voluntary shut down. If not for this closure, we would have recorded a higher revenue.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

	FY 2021 RM'000	FY 2020 RM'000	Variance RM'000	V ariance %
	11101 000	11101 000	11W 000	70
Revenue	2,251,182	1,826,733	424,449	23.2%
EBITDA	206,898	124,763	82,135	65.8%
PBT	171,322	96,128	75,194	78.2%
PAT	133,243	72,136	61,107	84.7%
Inventories	221,498	164,138	57,360	34.9%
Trade and other receivables	338,250	358,680	- 20,430	-5.7%
Other investments (highly liquid)	116,221	126,125	- 9,904	-7.9%
Cash and bank balance	56,613	55,339	1,274	2.3%
Trade and other payables	288,897	349,474	-60,577	-17.3%
Total borrowings	-	175	- 175	-100.0%

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

cont'o

For the current financial year to date, the Group posted its highest ever yearly revenue of RM2.25 billion as compared to RM1.83 billion in the preceding year. The sterling performance was mainly due to strong demand from existing key customers.

As a result of the record sales, the Group achieved its highest PAT record of RM133.24 million, representing an increase of 85% as compared to RM72.14 million in FY 2020, mainly due to higher revenue as well as improvement in operational efficiencies and effective cost control measures.

As at FY 2021, equity attributable to equity holders of the company grew to RM707.83 million (FY 2020: RM611.21 million). The Group recorded a basic earnings per share of 10.66 sen and the net asset value per share improved to RM0.57.

The Group generated operating cash flows before working capital changes of RM213.36 million for FY 2021 (FY 2020: RM119.97 million). The total changes in working capital had increased in line with the Group's strategy to increase the inventories level as to ensure the smooth manufacturing operation and to mitigate the impact of potential discruption to the supply chain arose from the Covid-19 pandemic. For FY 2021, the Group achieved a strong cash flows generated from operations of RM108.15 million (FY 2020: RM96.15 million). The net cash flows used in investing activities was RM36.16 million (FY 2020: RM1.97 million). Net cash flows used in financing activities amounting to RM38.75 million (FY 2020: RM51.17 million) was mainly due to payment of dividend.

OUTLOOK

The ongoing trade war between China and United States has resulted in several manufacturers in the Asia to readjust their facilities from China to South East Asian countries to avoid tariffs. Rising work from home initiative due to Covid-19 has also accelerated the demand for household products hence driving the market for EMS in this application. The combination of the ongoing trade war and rising trend towards home devices will augment well for the demand for our EMS segment.

DIVIDEND

In respect of FY 2021, the Board has approved a final single tier dividend of 4.27 sen per share.

The total dividend of RM66,713,000 in respect of FY 2021 constitute approximately 50% of the Group's PAT .

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I wish to thank all our employees, management and staffs and fellow directors for their outstanding efforts and contributions to deliver another excellent financial results for our shareholders.

I would also like to thank all other stakeholders who consist of shareholders, customers, bankers and business partners for their trust and support.

Let us continue to work together to achieve greater success in the coming years.

Thank you.

Dato' Gan Kim Huat

Executive Chairman cum Managing Director

FIVE YEARS GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
OPERATING RESULTS						
Revenue	RM'000	2,251,182	1,826,733	1,654,215	2,106,375	1,943,564
EBITDA	RM'000	206,898	124,763	146,681	178,805	162,274
EBIT	RM'000	171,590	96,355	124,609	158,003	141,718
Profit Before Taxation	RM'000	171,322	96,128	124,596	156,243	138,513
Profit After Taxation	RM'000	133,243	72,136	96,004	126,670	103,316
Profit Attributable to equity holders	RM'000	133,243	73,161	96,658	126,754	103,316
KEY BALANCE SHEET DATA						
Total Assets	RM'000	1,048,766	1,002,609	873,108	905,834	1,053,102
Total Borrowings	RM'000	-	175	275	375	73,466
Paid-up Capital	RM'000	296,126	296,126	296,126	296,126	271,335
Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company	RM'000	707,831	611,210	587,652	555,305	455,643
VALUATION						
Basic Earnings/Net Earnings Per Share	sen	10.66	5.85	7.73	10.32	8.83
Gross Dividend (sen)	sen	4.27	2.93	3.84	5.067	4.15
Net Asset Per Share	RM	0.57	0.49	0.47	0.44	0.38
PROFITABILITY RATIOS						
Return on Total Assets	%	16	10	14	17	13
Return on Capital Employed	%	24	15	21	28	29
Return on Equity (ROE)	%	18.8	11.8	16.3	22.8	22.7
GEARING RATIO						
Net Debt to Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company	times	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT FIVE YEARS GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

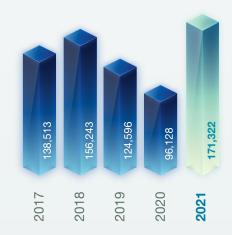
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REVENUE (RM'000)

PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

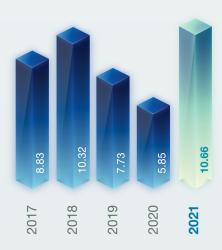
(RM'000)

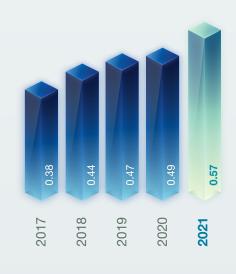




BASIC EARNINGS/NET EARNINGS PER SHARE (SEN)

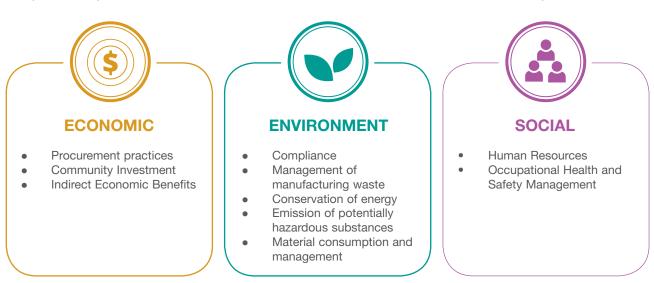
NET ASSET PER SHARE (RM)





SKP Resources Bhd ("SKP" or "the Group") continues on its effort to be part of the Bursa Malaysia's initiative to implement sustainability into the business operations of the Group. The Board of Directors ("Board") will undertake the responsibility to the embedment of the sustainable principles into the fibre of the Company's DNA. As such, the Managing Director with the support from the key senior management, will lead the charge in supervising the implementation of sustainability practices and initiatives.

The Bursa Malaysia sustainability framework relates to three major pillars of sustainable development, i.e. economic, environmental and social ("EES"). Based on their classification, the Group falls under Industrial Products and Services. Its sub-sector is Industrial Materials, Components and Equipment. Based on the platform of these classifications, the Group is of the opinion that the material matters that are the most relevant and suitable to the Group are as follows:



The Material Sustainability Matters currently undertaken by the Group are as follows:



1) Procurement Practices

The Group has taken cue from the growth and expansion of their customers and throughout the years have expanded their production lines. This includes the establishment of SKP BM Electronics Sdn Bhd ("SKP BM") to bolster its production arm on circuitry. This creates the platform for the Group to take on more local vendors, hire more employees and bring in more business to enrich the community.

One of the important projects adopted by the Group is the Six-Sigma programme. Under this programme, the Group finds way for the continuous improvement in the operations. There are several levels to this process. It starts from the Executive Leadership to the champions, then black belts, green belts and finally to the team members. The process commences with the Executive Leadership, with the help from the champions, identify new ideas for improvement and implementation. The black belt will than lead the charge and is supported by both green belt and team members.

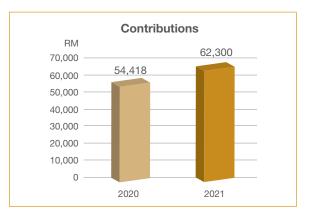
SKP has been praised by their customers in achieving better than expected results. One of the 8 Disciplines program brought about significant improvement to both the customers and SKP alike. This has resulted in SKP being recognised for its effort.

cont'd

2) Community Investment

In 2021, one of the three pillars of sustainability is to reduce the poverty level. The Group believe that apart from receiving, we should also be giving back to the community. The Group is interested in providing community services on a case-by-case basis. Currently, the Group has not put in place a long term strategy to address this issue. The Group recognises that it is an important part of the operations, but due to the uncertainty in the business climate, it is difficult to plan for the long term strategy.

The contribution also could not have come at a timelier manner in the wake of the Covid-19 pandemic. As the pandemic wages on till this very day, many organisation sought help. The Group has, without any expectation and terms attached, made contributions to a tune of RM62,300 to the local community in its pledge to assist underprivileged members of the community. The Group hopes that this will ease the strain of poverty and improve living conditions.



Besides that, the Group also plays other role in providing for the community. The Group adopts the 3R approach, i.e. reduce, recycle and reuse. It is a kind act of sharing and caring for the community. Employees are encouraged to donate items that are of good quality to someone that needs it more than them. Secondly, under the 3R initiatives, items that are in a less than good condition are taken in and converted into something more meaningful for the less fortunate. The benefit from this 3R initiatives are that when we reduce the use of printers, we help in the conservation of office by avoiding printing unless necessary, which in turn conserve energy. Thirdly, we take pride in recycling out materials when appropriate, which can then be shaped into a new item. These recycling of waste materials are categorised and handed over to related parties for use. Fourthly, item like boxes that are normally thrown away are repurpose. They are redecorated for other usage.



3) Indirect Economic Benefits

Back in 29 February 2012, the Group announced that it has adopted a dividend policy. The accumulative dividend payout will be at least 50% of the annual profit after tax to its shareholders. This is to reward the shareholders for their support and trust towards the company. The Group continues on its effort to try and give as much as possible the annual profit after tax back to its shareholders.

cont'o



The Group is very concerned with the impact it has on the environment. When we move on, we hope to leave behind a better world to future generations. Therefore, the Group has taken the following steps in preserving the environment:

1) Compliance

The Group is always positive to comply with stringent legal and regulatory requirements of the relevant authorities such as Malaysian Department of Environment ("DOE") which govern plant and factory operations and maintenance in areas in relation to environment and emission standards, fuel usage, noise level and treatment of plant discharge, effluents and waste water.

Among the activities that the Group does are the accreditation and maintenance of certificates. The Group holds very strongly to the accreditation that has been achieved and given to them.

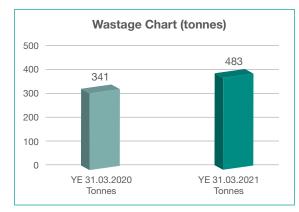
They are the ISO 9000 and the 14000 given to their subsidiaries like Syarikat Sin Kwang Plastic Industries Sdn Bhd, SPI Plastic Industries (M) Sdn Bhd, Bangi Plastics Sdn Bhd, Plastictecnic (M) Sdn Bhd, Sun Tong Seng Mould-Tech Sdn Bhd and SKP BM for practicing total management systems.

2) Management of Manufacturing Waste

Waste is an unavoidable part of manufacturing plastic components. The most common waste items from the production are the runners and the rejected items. Rejected items makes up of a larger quantity of waste due to the size of the individual item. Another type of wastages are the residual from the many effluent that are used to process the materials. As the purchase of materials by SKP increases, so would the wastages that are derived from processing the materials. These waste effluent are sent or picked up by authorised contractors. Some of the waste effluent are as follows:

- Spent Lubricating Oil
- Waste Of Non-Halogenated Organic Solvents
- Contaminated Container
- Contaminated Rags
- Paint Sludge
- Discarded Or Off-Specification Inks, Paint, Pigments, Lacquer, Dye Or Vanish Products Containing Organic Solvent
- Antic Solvent
- Electrical And Electronic Wastes
- Spent Hydraulic Oil
- Mixed Of Scheduled Wastes
- Spoil Fluorescent Tubes
- Spoil Coolant
- Contaminated Absorbents/Matter

The waste cannot be discriminately washed down the drain. This will help to ensure that we have a clean and safe environment for our future.

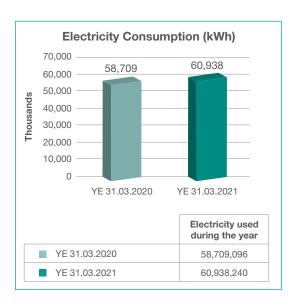


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3) Conservation of Energy

The Group has taken the initiative to use better, more efficient machineries to reduce wastage of time, resources and energy, in tandem with the implementation of proper scheduling to run these machineries. The lighting bulbs, air conditioners installed to replace old units are all more energy efficient because they consume lower energy levels. During rest time, the lighting bulbs and air conditioners are powered down. Air conditioning systems are maintained at 25 degree celsius.

The Group is further exploring technology that could potentially reduce the consumption of energy. This initiative is in line with Tenaga Nasional Berhad's allocation of power consumption. By saving energy, the Group also contributes to the conservation of the environment's resources by decreasing the power plant's consumption of fossil fuels. The Group has also taken into consideration the use of Servo Motor System that has the potential to conserve energy by 40%.



4) Emission of potentially hazardous substances

With the recent introduction of Euro5 grade diesel, the combustion of the engine will be more environmental friendly. On average, the consumption of 1 litre of diesel is equivalent to the emission of 2.70kg of carbon dioxide ("CO2"). The Group is exploring ways to reduce the emission of CO2. New strategies are being introduced to streamline transportation systems, which include lesser time on the road and thus, less carbon emissions.

5) Material consumption and management

The Group offers Electronics Manufacturing Services ("EMS"). As such, the Group is bounded by strict supply chain requirements by certain customers. For the purpose of meeting customer requirements, the supply chain needs to meet multiple EES requirements, for instance, streamlining of the supply chain, producing less wastages and conserving energy. SKP total purchases stands at RM2.01bil for 2021 and RM1.4bil for 2020. The overall purchase consumption increased. These increases in mainly attributed by the increase in sales supported in particular by the increase from SKP BM which are sourced from overseas.



cont'd

5) Material consumption and management (cont'd)

In additional, the Group adopts the six sigma programme at one of the business locations. The programme and its tools are utilised for the process environment. The production department has set eight (8) goals. The project goals amount to reducing waste and rejection rates, thus increasing productivity and accurate reporting.

Project Goal Issue Target

No 1: Improve accuracy 99%

No 2: Improve productivity 90%

No 3: Improve productivity 99.5%

No 4: Reduce defect 0.5%

No 5: Improve productivity 95%

No 6: Rejection rate 0.2%

No 7: Improve productivity 95%

No 8: Improve productivity 95%



The Board strongly believes that the Group has an important role to play in the society.

1) Human Resources

The Group's success in its operations is a result of the employees' collective contribution and hard work. The Group believes that employees are key assets of the Company and one of the primary reasons for prosperity. The company seeks to find a balance of responsibility, performance and reward in the workplace for the employees.

The Group strongly believes that everyone should be treated equally and fairly. This is the hallmark that opportunities should be given to all to excel in their respective areas of specialties. This spans from the management team to the operators.

One of the initiatives carried out by the Group is to provide training. The purpose of the training is to provide new employees the opportunity to learn the culture and processes of the company and to reinforce the learning processes and further develop new area of expertise for the current workforce. Considerable amount is spent to develop and nurture these talents.



552 hours spent on training in 2021



1,119 hours spent on training in 2020

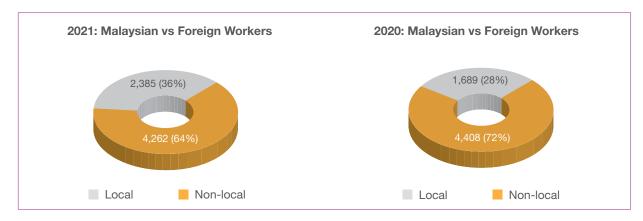
The Group complies with the relevant local labour laws and regulations with regard to the minimum wage policy. This is to contribute to the overall well-being of the employees. The Company strongly stand against any forms of discrimination and advocate unwavering commitment in providing an equal opportunity environment.

The Group seeks to be proactive in the development of human capital by developing continuous training programmes for employee development. The provision of external and in-house, training programmes will result in increased opportunities for employee contribution, increased performance and engagement of various fronts.

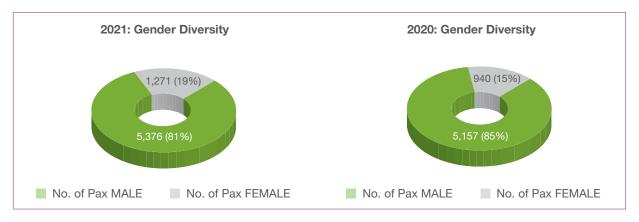
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1) Human Resources (cont'd)

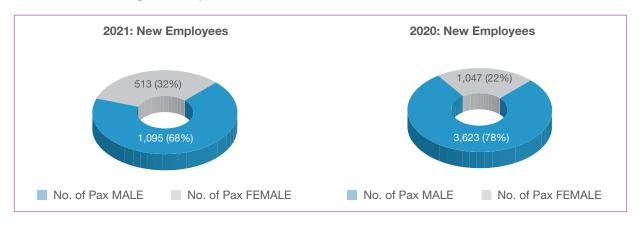
Over the years, the numbers of the Group employees have increased. This is consistent due to more demand from customers. When increasing the numbers of the Group employees, the Group is aware of the need to maintain diversity in the company. In driving diversity, the Group needs to be cautious of the need to strike a balance between local and foreign workers. This is to ensure that local are given the opportunity to excel.



Besides local and foreign workers, the diversity also includes gender. The Group does not differentiate the gender and identifying people suited for the position at the various field. With a gender diversity that is inclusive, it provides opportunity for all.



New employees make up a relative big number in the company. The new employees stem mainly from foreigners that need to go back to their home country. New employees are also coming from the expansion plan of SKP BM. SKP BM whose significant improvement in business is one of the contributors on the influx of local workers.



cont'd

1) Human Resources (cont'd)

SKP does not fall short in contributing to the social events. Some of the social events include the café grand opening, clothes donation to the needy, Hari Raya, Deepavali, Chinese New Year celebration, and goodie pack treat for the less fortunate.







2) Occupational Health and Safety Management

The Group is committed to do everything in power in order to ensure the health and safety at the workplace for employees. As such, all relevant laws and regulations laid down by Department of Occupational Health and Safety ("DOSH") are strictly complied with. The Group has a Safety and Health Committee to oversee this integral matter. Factory and production staff are supplied with protective gear for better safety measures. Preventative measures, such as safety briefing and fire drills, are conducted routinely to enable the employees to understand safety issues and to react promptly in times of an emergency.

With the Covid-19 pandemic not showing any signs of tapering out, SKP is doing its part in keeping its people safe. Various activities have been initiated by the company to ensure that all employees are kept abreast with the latest protocols. Employees are sent to vaccination centres to get themselves inoculated at the earliest time possible. It is also important to bear in mind that during the pandemic, the employees are continued to be paid wages. Again, this is another facet of SKP's effort to keep everyone under their records to have food on the table. Some of the initiatives undertaken by SKP are:

Initiatives undertaken by SKP

- 1. Covid-19 Standard Operating Procedures ("SOP")
- 2. Coronavirus Or Covid-19 SOPs And Compliance
- 3. Restriction Of Entrance And Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) For Visitor
- 4. Memo For Business Partners Logistics, Contractors, Transporters, Drivers Etc
- 5. SOP Management Of Prevention Of Spreading Of Covid-19 At Workplace
- 6. Disinfection Procedures
- 7. Guideline For Disinfection And Prevention Of Epidemic
- 8. Standard Of Procedures For Covid-19
- 9. Preventive Measures Manual Of Covid-19
- 10. Covid-19 Standard Operating Procedure & Protocols

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of SKP Resources Bhd ("SKP" or the "Company") recognises the importance of practising good corporate governance within the Company and strives to achieve this objective by enhancing shareholders' value as well as strengthening corporate culture anchored on corporate accountability and transparency.

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance ("MCCG") sets out broad principles and specify practices including its intended outcomes which companies may adopt in promoting good compliance and corporate governance culture as an integral part of business dealings. Management has been, on an ongoing basis, reviewing, evaluating and implementing the practices in substance to achieve the intended outcomes of building and supporting a strong corporate governance culture throughout the Company.

In its application of corporate governance practices as required under paragraph 15.25 of the Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"), the Board is pleased to report hereunder an overview of the manner in which the Company has applied with the three (3) principles and the extent of compliance with the best practices as advocated by the MCCG, throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2021 ("FYE 2021"). The detailed explanation on the application of the corporate governance practices is reported under the Corporate Governance Report as published on the Company's website at www.skpres.com.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

I. Board Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall governance, management and strategic direction of the Company and for delivering accountable corporate performance in accordance with the Company's goals and objectives.

To ensure the effective discharge of its function and responsibilities, the Board has also delegated certain authorities and discretion to the Executive Directors and Senior Management. The Board Committees are also entrusted with specific responsibilities to oversee the Company's affairs, in accordance with their respective Terms of Reference ("TOR"). At each Board meeting, minutes of the Board Committee meetings are presented to the Board. The respective Chairmen of the Board Committees will also report to the Board on key issues deliberated by the Board Committees in order to develop effective communication.

The Board provides stewardship to the Group's strategic direction and operations, and ultimately the enhancement of long-term shareholders' value. The Board is primarily responsible for:

- a) Together with senior management, promote good corporate governance culture within the Group which reinforces ethical, prudent and professional behaviour;
- b) Ensuring that the Group's goals are clearly established and that a strategic plan of the Company supports long-term value creation and includes strategies on economic, environmental and social considerations underpinning sustainability, is in place to achieve them;
- Overseeing and evaluating the conduct and performance of the Group's business to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed;
- Reviewing, challenge and decide on Management's proposals for the Company, and monitor its implementation by Management;
- e) Ensuring that the statutory accounts of the Company and the Group are fairly stated and conform with the relevant regulations including acceptable accounting policies that result in balanced and understandable financial statements:
- f) Identifying and managing the principal risks affecting the Group and ensuring the implementation of appropriate internal controls and mitigation measures;
- g) Determining the risk appetite within which the Board expects Management to operate and ensure that there is an appropriate risk management framework to identify, analyse, evaluate, manage and monitor significant financial and non-financial risks;

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

I. Board Responsibilities (cont'd)

- h) Ensuring that Senior Management has the necessary skills and experience, and there are appropriate plans in place in respect of the succession plan for Board members and Senior Management of the Group;
- Reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the management information and internal controls systems of the Group, including systems for ensuring compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines; and
- j) Overseeing the development and implementation of investor relations and communication policy for the Group which promotes effective communication with shareholders and other stakeholders.

The Board has delegated certain of its functions to the Board Committees which comprising the Audit Committee ("AC"), Nomination Committee ("NC"), Remuneration Committee ("RC") and Risk Management Committee ("RMC") which operate within their clearly defined TOR.

The Board reserves certain powers for itself and delegates certain matters, such as the day-to-day management of the Company to the Executive Directors and the Senior Management. Such delegations are subject to approved authority limits. These are matters pertaining to:-

- recurring and non-recurring revenue expenditures (within the ordinary course of business);
- capital expenditures; and
- sourcing of business deals/investments.

Chairman and Managing Director

Dato' Gan Kim Huat is the Executive Chairman cum Managing Director of the Company. This is perceived as appropriate and of benefit to the Group due to his extensive knowledge and experience in the Group's business, products, policies and administration matters. He is primarily responsible for the orderly conduct and effectiveness of the Board.

The Board is mindful of the dual roles but is comfortable that there is no undue risk involved as the Executive Directors will be informed and consulted before the Executive Chairman cum Managing Director makes any decision and all major matters and issues are to be referred to the Board for consideration and approval. Notwithstanding that, the Board is currently comprising six (6) members, three (3) of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors, comprising 50% of Independent Directors and play a distinctive role to provide an element of objectivity, independent judgement and check and balance to the Board. The current size and board composition are adequately to enable the Chairman to marshal the Board's priorities whilst the Independent Directors are to ensure balance of power as well as authority on the Board.

The Board regards independence as an important element for ensuring objectivity and fairness in Board's decision-making.

Qualified and Competent Company Secretary

The Board is supported by a suitably qualified, experienced and competent Company Secretary. The Company Secretary plays an advisory role to the Board in relation to the Company's Constitution, Board's policies and procedures and compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements, codes or guidance and legislations. Apart from playing an active role in advising the Board on governance and regulatory matters, Company Secretary also attend all the Board and Board Committees meetings and ensure that all meetings are properly convened, the proceedings and deliberations at the meetings are properly recorded in the minutes of meetings.

ANNUAL REPORT 2021

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

cont'd

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

I. Board Responsibilities (cont'd)

Access to information and advice

The Board meets on a quarterly basis with additional meetings held whenever necessary. The Board is supplied with adequate and timely information in the form and quality as appropriate to enable them to discharge their duties.

Prior to Board meetings, an agenda of meeting together with the relevant documents are distributed to all Directors for them to review. Apart from the ad-hoc meetings, notices of meetings are sent to the Directors at least seven (7) days in advance and the meeting papers are made available to the Directors prior to the meetings to allow reasonable time for review and to facilitate full discussion at the meetings. The Board strive to circulate the meeting papers at least five (5) business days in advance of the meeting day, if possible.

The Executive Directors and/or other relevant Board members and/or Senior Management of the Group will provide comprehensive explanation of pertinent issues and recommendations. The issues would then be deliberated and discussed thoroughly by the Board prior to decision-making. Proceedings of Board meetings are recorded in the minutes.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, Senior Management as well as independent professional advisers including the internal and external auditors. The Directors may whether as a full board or in their individual capacity, whenever necessary, at the expense of the Group, to access all information of the Company on a timely basis in an appropriate form and quality necessary to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities. The Directors are encouraged to have free and open contact with the Management at all levels and full access to all relevant information.

Apart from Board meetings, the Directors are also provided with updates via emails as and when there are any new changes to the existing laws, requirements, rules and regulations.

Board Charter

In compliance with Practice 2.1 of the MCCG, the Board has adopted a Board Charter outlining the roles, functions, composition and responsibilities of the Board of Directors of SKP and is to ensure that all Board members acting on behalf of the Company are aware on their duties and responsibilities as Board members. The Board Charter is established to provide guidance and clarity for the Board's roles and responsibilities as well as the powers between the Board and the Senior Management, the Board Committees established by the Board, between the Executive Chairman cum Managing Director and Executive Directors.

The Board Charter of the Company is in place and available on the Company's website. This Board Charter is a source reference and primary induction literature to provide insights to prospective Board members and Senior Management. In addition, it assists the Board in the assessment of its own performance and of its individual Directors.

A copy of the Board Charter is available at the Company's website at www.skpres.com.

Code of Ethics and Conduct

The Company's Code of Ethics and Conduct sets forth the standards of conduct required for all Directors, officers, managers and employees of SKP and its Group of Companies with the objective of ensuring their proper behavior and ethical conduct.

The Code of Ethics and Conduct covers all aspects of the Company's business operations, such as customer relationships, personal benefits, conflict of interest, confidentiality, dealing in securities of the Company, protection of assets and funds, accuracy of public communication, quality management & environment management, health and safety, fair and courteous behaviors and etc.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

I. Board Responsibilities (cont'd)

Code of Ethics and Conduct (cont'd)

Each Director is routinely reminded of his obligations as stated in the Company's Board Charter. The Directors have the duty to declare immediately to the Board of their interests in any transactions to be entered into directly or indirectly within the Company/Group, in order to uphold good corporate integrity. A review of those interests has undertaken by the Board at the Board meetings quarterly to ensure impartiality of the decisions made by the Board.

Integrity Policy

The Government of Malaysia had announced the implementation of the Corporate Liability Provision involving commercial organisations under Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Act 2009, effective 1 June 2020. This new provision encourages commercial organisations to take appropriate and parallel steps to ensure businesses are conducted with integrity and without corruption. The Board had on 25 August 2020 adopted an Integrity Policy which provides principles, guidelines and requirements on how to deal with corrupt and bribery practices that may arise in the course of daily business and operation activities within the Group.

The Group conducts all its business in an honest and ethical manner and takes a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption and is committed to acting professionally, fairly and with integrity in all its business dealings and relationships. The Group is also committed in upholding all laws relevant to countering bribery and corruption in Malaysia and all other jurisdictions in which it operates. The Integrity Policy is accessible to the employees or other stakeholders at the Company's website at www.skpres.com.

Whistleblowing Policy

In addition, the Company's Whistleblowing Policy seeks to foster an environment where integrity and ethical behavior are maintained and any illegal or improper action and/or wrongdoing in the Company may be exposed. The Whistleblowing Policy provides an avenue for any person including all employees of SKP and its Group of Companies to report concerns about any suspected and/or known improper conduct that they may observe in SKP.

The AC is responsible for the supervision of the enforcement of Whistleblowing Policy. The AC shall receive information on each report of concern and ensure that follow-up actions be taken accordingly. The Chairman of AC, may, direct the complaint to the division/department best placed to address it, or lead the investigation to ensure prompt and appropriate investigation and resolution.

All disclosures can be made in strict confidential manner, marked "Confidential" to:

The Chairman of AC SKP Resources Bhd No. 421, 4th Miles, Jalan Kluang, 83000 Batu Pahat, Johor Darul Takzim auditcom@skpres.com

The Code of Ethics and Conduct and Whistleblowing Policy are available for viewing at the Company's website at www.skpres.com.

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PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

II. Board Composition

As at the date of this statement, the Board of SKP consists of six (6) members, comprising the Executive Chairman cum Managing Director, one (1) Executive Director, three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors and one (1) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director, therefore, the prescribed requirement under the MMLR whereby at least 2 directors or one third (1/3) of the Board of Directors are independent directors is fulfilled. The profiles of the members of the Board are set out in this Annual Report. The Board is responsible for overseeing the conduct and performance of the Group's businesses and provides oversight for the Group's internal controls.

The Board is of the opinion that the interests of shareholders of the Company are fairly represented through the current composition and its size constitutes an effective Board to the Company with competent individuals with the wide spectrum of background, knowledge, skills and experience.

The Executive Directors are responsible for the overall daily operations, implementation of Board policies and decisions and making operational decisions. Apart from the above, the Company practices a clear demarcation of responsibilities and a balance of power and authority.

The three (3) Independent Directors of the Company provide the Board with a good mix of industry-specific knowledge plus broad business and commercial experience. They provide guidance, unbiased, fully balanced and independent views, advice and judgement to many aspects of the Group's strategy so as to safeguard the interests of minority shareholders and to ensure that the highest standards of conduct and integrity are maintained by the Group. If the need arises, the Company will consider increasing the number of Independent Directors to ensure the balance of power and authority on the Board.

Tenure of Independent Directors

The Board takes cognisant that MCCG recommends that the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. Upon completion of the nine (9) years, an independent director may continue to serve on the Board subject to his re-designation as a non-independent director. If the Board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine (9) years, it should justify and seek annual shareholders' approval. If the Board continues to retain the independent director after twelfth (12) year, the Board should seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

The Board through the NC, have assessed the independence of Mr. Koh Song Heng, who has served the Board for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years, and recommended that he be retained as Independent Non-Executive Director as he remains objective and independent in expressing their views and in participating in deliberations and decision making of the Board and Board Committees. The length of his service on the Board does not in any way interfere with his exercise of independent judgement or his ability to act in the best interest of the Company.

The Board is of the view that there are significant advantages to be gained from retaining Mr. Koh Song Heng as the Independent Non-Executive Director in view of his many years on the Board with incumbent knowledge of the Company, the Group's activities, corporate history and his requisite business acumen would enable them to provide the Board with a diverse set of experience, expertise and independent judgement to better manage and run the Group.

Mr. Koh Song Heng has over 24 years of experience in management and administration of local and export products development and enable him to serve the Board effectively by providing invaluable contribution into the Company's business.

Notwithstanding the length of tenure of Mr. Koh Song Heng as Independent Director, the Board, with the assessment of the NC, is satisfied with the credibility, skills and experience of Mr. Koh Song Heng who could bring independent judgement on issues of strategy, performance and resources, including standards of conduct. In view thereof, the Board has recommended his retention as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company which are subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

II. Board Composition (cont'd)

Procedures for Appointment of Directors and Senior Management

The NC is responsible to identify and select potential candidate(s) and to make recommendations to the Board for the appointment of Director(s).

In respect of the appointment of Directors, the Company practices a clear and transparent nomination process which involves the following:-

- (1) Identification of candidates;
- (2) Evaluating suitability of candidates;
- (3) Discussion with the candidates on the proposed appointment;
- (4) Deliberation by the NC; and
- (5) Recommendation to the Board.

In the process of selecting and evaluating candidates for the Board, the NC has adopted the following selection criteria for new appointment of Director(s) in order to ensure that the Board has the right mix of skill to meet its objectives:-

- Required skills, knowledge, expertise and experience;
- Time commitment, characteristic, professionalism and integrity;
- Ability to work cohesively with other members of the Board;
- Specialist knowledge or technical skills in line with the Group's strategy;
- Diversity in age, gender and experience/background; and
- Number of directorships in companies outside the Group.

The Group Human Resources Function is responsible for selection and appointment of candidates for Senior Management position based on selection criteria which best matches the requirements of the open position. The selection criteria include (but not limited to) diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

During the financial year under review, Ms. Anita Chew Cheng Im and Mr. Goh Kah Im were appointed as the Independent Non-Executive Directors on 14 December 2020. The Board, having reviewed the skillset, expertise and experience of Ms. Anita Chew Cheng Im and Mr. Goh Kah Im, and approved the appointment of Ms. Anita Chew Cheng Im and Mr. Goh Kah Im as Independent Non-Executive Directors with effect from 14 December 2020.

There were no new Key Senior Management personnel being appointed to the Company and the Group.

Re-election of Directors

Clause 119 of the Constitution of the Company state that one-third (1/3) of the Directors shall retire from office and shall be eligible for re-election at each AGM. All Directors shall retire from office at least once in each three (3) years but shall be eligible for re-election. As such, pursuant to Clause 119, Mr. Koh Chin Koon is to retire at the forthcoming Twenty-First AGM of the Company.

Clause 118 of the Constitution of the Company states that any Director who is appointed either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors, shall hold office until the next AGM and shall be eligible for re-election but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotations at that meeting. Pursuant to Clause 118 of the Constitution, the following Directors are subject to retirement at the forthcoming Twenty-First AGM of the Company:-

- Ms. Anita Chew Cheng Im; and
- Mr. Goh Kah Im.

cont'd

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

II. Board Composition (cont'd)

Re-election of Directors (cont'd)

The NC has conducted the following assessment based on the criteria as prescribed by the MMLR of Bursa Securities:-

- Mix of skills:
- Character;
- Experience;
- Integrity;
- Competence; and
- Time commitment to discharge their roles.

Upon review, the NC were satisfied with the performance of all the retiring Directors. The Board has then concurred the same and resolved that the retiring Directors be recommended to the shareholders for approval at the forthcoming Twenty-First AGM.

Gender Diversity

The Board has established a Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to diversity on the Board and Senior Management of the Company. Although the Board Diversity Policy does not set a specific target on the composition of the Board and Senior Management in terms of gender, age or ethnicity, the Board shall endeavour to achieve greater diversity as and when the opportunity arises. The Board is currently well represented by individuals drawn from distinctly diverse professional backgrounds in the fields of manufacturing, engineering, finance, taxation, law and economics. Additionally, the Group provides an equal opportunity where all appointments and employments are based strictly on merits and are not driven by any racial, age or gender bias.

For the FYE 2021, the diversity in the race/ethnicity of the existing Directors is as follows:-

	Race/Ethnicity				Gender		
Diversity	Malay	Chinese	Indian	Total	Male	Female	Total
Number of Directors	0	6	0	6	5	1	6

The existing Directors' age distribution falling within the respective age group is as follows:

Age Group (Years)	41 - 50	51 - 60	61 - 70	Above 70	Total
Number of Directors	1	3	1	1	6

Nomination Committee

A NC has been established by the Board comprising three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors as follows:-

Mr. Koh Song Heng (Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)
Mr. Koh Chin Koon (Member, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
Mr. Goh Kah Im (Member, Independent Non-Executive Director)

(appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

The NC shall meet at least once a year or more frequently as deemed necessary.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

II. Board Composition (cont'd)

Nomination Committee (cont'd)

The following activities were carried out during the financial year under review:-

- assessed the performance of the Board as the whole and Board Committees;
- assessed the performance of the individual Directors;
- considered and recommended to the Board the Directors who are due for retirement at the AGM and being eligible for re-election;
- considered and recommended the Independent Directors whose term have exceeded a cumulative period of more than nine (9) and twelve (12) years and to be retained as Independent Directors;
- assessed the independence of each of the Independent Director; and
- reviewed the term of office and performance of the AC and each of its members.

The individual Director's performance evaluation involves a discussion about each Director individual contribution, explores individual training and development needs, and the time commitment that is required to continue deliver the role effectively.

The TOR of the NC is available for viewing under the "Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website at www.skpres.com.

Time Commitment

The Board is satisfied with the level of time commitment given by the Directors towards fulfilling their roles and responsibilities as Directors of the Company. The attendance record of the Directors at the Board meetings are set out in the table below:-

	Number of Board of Directors'	
Name of Directors	Meetings Attended/Held	%
Dato' Gan Kim Huat	5/5	100
Mr. Gan Poh San	5/5	100
Mr. Koh Chin Koon	4/5	80
Mr. Koh Song Heng	5/5	100
Ms. Anita Chew Chen Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)	2/2	100
Mr. Goh Kah Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)	2/2	100
Mr. Chew Teck Cheng (resigned w.e.f. 14 December 2020)	2/3	67

The Directors are required to submit updates on their other directorships and shareholdings to the Company Secretary. Such information is used to monitor the number of directorships held by the Directors and to notify the Companies Commission of Malaysia, where applicable.

Under the Board Charter, the Board shall meet regularly and board meetings should be held at least four (4) times a year at approximately quarterly intervals, with additional meetings to be convened as and when necessary. The Board members shall use their best endeavors to attend the Board meetings and to devote sufficient time to properly discharge their responsibilities at those meetings. Board members who are unable to attend the Board meetings shall accordingly advise the Chairman or the Company Secretary on the same.

By leveraging on technology, the Board meetings may conduct via electronic means and for expediency, circular resolutions of the Directors will be prepared for the Directors' execution in order to facilitate efficient implementation of Board's decision. The Director who is unable to present physically at the meetings is encouraged to participate through electronic means of communication.

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PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

II. Board Composition (cont'd)

Continuing Education and Training of Directors

The Board acknowledges the fact that continuous education is vital for the Board members to gain insight into the state of economy, manufacturing, technological advances in the core business, latest regulatory developments and management strategies and recognising the need to keep abreast with the fast-changing business and regulatory environment.

To identify the training needs, the Board, with the assistance of the NC will evaluate their own training needs on a continuous basis and to determine the relevant programmes, seminar and briefings that will enhance their knowledge and enable them to discharge their duties effectively and sustain active participation in the Board deliberations.

The Company Secretary and external auditors have also regularly updated the Board on the latest relevant regulatory requirements and accounting standards to enable them to keep abreast with such developments and amendments.

The details of the trainings attended by the Directors during the FYE 2021 are as below:-

Name of Directors Trainings Programmes/Seminars/Forums Attended	
Dato' Gan Kim Huat	Control World Expo – Asean's Dedicated Quality Assurance Event, Showcasing Test, Measurement and Inspection Solutions for High-Value Manufacturing
Gan Poh San	 Control World Expo – Asean's Dedicated Quality Assurance Event, Showcasing Test, Measurement and Inspection Solutions for High-Value Manufacturing
Koh Chin Koon	 Continuing Professional Development Seminar – Secretarial Issue on Incorporation, Constitution, Auditors, Directors, Shares and Record Keeping
Koh Song Heng	 Control World Expo – Asean's Dedicated Quality Assurance Event, Showcasing Test, Measurement and Inspection Solutions for High-Value Manufacturing
Anita Chew Cheng Im	 Design Thinking in connection with Equities Trackers Corporate Liability Provisions under the MACC Act 2018 and Corruption Risk Management
Goh Kah Im	 MACC Act Section 17A (Corporate Liability) Implementing Effective 'Adequate Procedures' based on ISO 37001:2016 ABMS

Annual Assessment on Effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and Individual Directors

In compliance with the MCCG, the Board has delegated to the NC to carry out annual assessment on effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and each individual Director in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2021:-

i. <u>Directors' self and peer performance evaluation</u>

The evaluation forms were circulated to each and every Director for completion. The Directors are required to assess his own performance, as well as the performance of his peer based on the questionnaire provided. The evaluation results were compiled by the Company Secretary and presented to the NC meeting for review.

The criteria for self-assessment covers areas such as contribution to matters discussed, roles and responsibilities and overall quality of input to Board effectiveness.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

II. Board Composition (cont'd)

Annual Assessment on Effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and Individual Directors (cont'd)

ii. Evaluation on the effectiveness of the Board and Board Committees

The evaluation on the Board and Board Committees were conducted by the NC through roundtable discussion to provide valuable insights. For Board and Board Committees assessments, the criteria include board structure and operations, their roles and responsibilities, succession planning and board governance.

In overall, the NC is satisfied with the performance of the individual Directors as well as the effectiveness of the Board and its Board Committees.

The Board, through the NC, carried out an annual assessment of the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors during the financial year review. The criteria used in assessing the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors are based on the definition in Paragraph 1.01 of the MMLR and whether the Independent Non-Executive Directors are able to provide objective and independent views on various issues dealt with at Board and Board Committee level.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors are not employees and they do not participate in the day-to-day management as well as the daily business of the Company. They bring an external perspective, constructively challenge and help develop proposals on strategy, scrutinize the performance of Senior Management in meeting the approved goals and objectives, and monitor risk profile of the Company's business.

The NC has received assurance from all the Independent Non-Executive Directors vide their Letters of Declaration, confirming their independence and have undertaken to inform the Company immediately should there be any change which could interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement or ability to act in the best interest of the Company.

Based on the outcome of the abovementioned assessment conducted by the NC, the Board is satisfied with the level of independence demonstrated by the Independent Non-Executive Directors and their ability to act in the best interest of the Company. The Board has also concluded that there are no relationships or circumstances which could interfere the judgement of the individual Independent Non-Executive Director.

III. Remuneration Committee

A RC has been established by the Board comprising two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors as follows:-

Mr. Koh Song Heng (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

(Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)

(Member, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Ms. Anita Chew Cheng Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

(Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Chew Teck Cheng (ceased w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

(Member, Non Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Koh Chin Koon) (ceased w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

The Board believes that competitive remuneration is important to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the necessary caliber, expertise and experience to lead the Group. The Executive Directors are to be appropriately rewarded giving due regard to the corporate and individual performance. The level of remuneration of Non-Executive Directors reflects their experience and level of responsibility undertaken by them. The remuneration of Directors shall be the ultimate responsibility of the full Board after considering the recommendations of the RC.

The remuneration of the Executive Directors is performance related which are compatible if not higher to the market rate in order to attract, motivate and retain them to run the Company. The Company also reimburses reasonable expenses incurred by Directors where required, in the course of carrying out their duties as Directors.

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PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

III. Remuneration Committee (cont'd)

The RC shall meet at least once a year or more frequently as deemed necessary. The following activities were carried out during the financial year under review:-

- Reviewed the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and recommended the same to the Board for consideration;
- Reviewed the annual performance bonus for the Group's Executive Directors and recommended the same to the Board for consideration;
- Reviewed the Directors' Fees and recommended the same to the Board for consideration; and
- Reviewed the benefits payable to the Directors of the Company and recommended the estimated quantum to the Board for consideration.

In compliance with the MCCG, the Board has established a Remuneration Policy which sets out the remuneration principles and guidelines for the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors of the Company.

The RC, when recommending the remuneration package of the Executive Directors and Senior Management, shall be guided by the main components and procedures provided in the Remuneration Policy.

It is the existing practice of the Company that all the Directors to abstain from deliberation and voting on fixing their own remuneration package or Directors' fee.

Remuneration of Directors

For the FYE 2021, the aggregate of remuneration received and receivable by the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors of the Company and the Group categorised into appropriate components are set out below:-

		Recei	ved from the C	Company	
Name of Director	Salaries RM	Fees RM	Benefits- in-kind RM	Other Emoluments RM	Total RM
Executive Directors					
Dato' Gan Kim Huat	-	36,000	-	-	36,000
Gan Poh San	-	33,000	-	-	33,000
Total	-	69,000	-	-	69,000
Non-Executive Directors					
Koh Song Heng	-	35,000	-	-	35,000
Koh Chin Koon	-	35,000	-	-	35,000
Anita Chew Cheng Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)	-	10,356	-	-	10,356
Goh Kah Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)	-	10,356	-	-	10,356
Chew Teck Cheng (resigned w.e.f. 14 December 2020)	-	24,644	-	-	24,644
Total	-	115,356	-	-	115,356

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (cont'd)

III. Remuneration Committee (cont'd)

Remuneration of Directors (cont'd)

For the FYE 2021, the aggregate of remuneration received and receivable by the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors of the Company and the Group categorised into appropriate components are set out below:-(cont'd)

		Re	ceived from the	Group	
Name of Director	Salaries RM	Fees RM	Benefits-in- kind RM	Other Emoluments RM	Total RM
Executive Directors					
Dato' Gan Kim Huat	6,986,961	36,000	-	-	7,022,961
Gan Poh San	6,458,438	33,000	-	-	6,491,438
Total	13,445,399	69,000	-	-	13,514,399
Non-Executive Directors					
Koh Song Heng	-	35,000	-	-	35,000
Koh Chin Koon		35,000	-	-	35,000
Anita Chew Cheng Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)		10,356	-	-	10,356
Goh Kah Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)		10,356	-	-	10,356
Chew Teck Cheng (resigned w.e.f. 14 December 2020)		24,644	-	-	24,644
Total	-	115,356	-	-	115,356

Note: Salary includes bonus, EPF, SOCSO and EIS

The Directors have abstained from the deliberation and voting on the agenda item in relation to their individual remuneration.

For FYE 2021, the total Directors' fee payable to the Directors of the Company have been recommended to the shareholders for approval at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

Remuneration of Key Senior Management

In compliance with the MCCG, a band of remuneration for the Key Senior Management (excluding the Managing Director and Executive Director of the Company) for the FYE 2021 is set out below:-

Range of remuneration (RM)	Number of Key Senior Management
RM350,001 - RM400,000	1
Total	1

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PRINCIPLE B: EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. Audit Committee

The AC is chaired by Mr. Koh Song Heng, the Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company, who is not the Chairman of the Board. The AC comprises majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The membership, a summary of activities of the AC and Internal Audit Function in respect of FYE 2021 are stated in the *AC Report* of this Annual Report.

In compliance with the MCCG, the TOR of the AC requires that a former key audit partner is to observe a cooling-off period of at least two (2) years before being appointed as a member of the AC. The TOR of the AC has been updated accordingly and is available at the Company's website at www.skpres.com.

None of the members of the AC were former key audit partners and notwithstanding that in order to uphold the utmost independence, the Board has no intention to appoint any former key audit partner as a member of the AC.

Assessment on External Auditors

During the financial year under review, the AC conducted an assessment of the suitability and independence of the External Auditors. In this assessment, the AC had considered inter alia, the following factors:-

For "suitability" assessment:-

- The external auditors have the adequate resources, skills, knowledge and experience to perform their duties with professional competence and due care in accordance with approved professional auditing standards and applicable regulatory and legal requirements;
- To the knowledge of the AC, the external auditors do not have any record of disciplinary actions taken against them for unprofessional conduct by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") which has not been reserved by the Disciplinary Board of MIA;
- The external auditors firm has the geographical coverage required to audit the Group;
- The external auditors firm advises the AC on significant issues and new developments pertaining to risk
 management, corporate governance, financial reporting standards and internal controls on a timely basis;
- The external auditors firm consistently meets the deadlines set by the Group;
- · The level of quality control procedures in the external audit firm, including the audit review procedures; and
- The external auditors' scope is adequate to cover the key financial and operational risks of the Group.

For "objectivity" assessment:-

The nature and extent of the non-audit services rendered and the appropriateness of the level of fees.

For "independence" assessment:-

- The engagement partner has not served for a continuous period of more than seven (7) years with the Company:
- The AC receives written assurance from the external auditors confirming that they are, and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements; and
- Tenure of the current auditors.

The AC has obtained confirmation from the External Auditors, Ernst & Young PLT that they are independent in accordance with the By-laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Moreover, the AC has also formalised a Non-Audit Services Policy governing the types of non-audit services permitted to be provided by the External Auditors. The said Policy provides for safeguards which may be considered, including having an engagement team different from the External Audit team to provide non-audit services.

PRINCIPLE B: EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

I. Audit Committee (cont'd)

Assessment on External Auditors (cont'd)

Upon completion of its assessment, the AC was satisfied with the performance and independence of the External Auditors and recommended the re-appointment of the External Auditors for FYE 2022. The Board approved the recommendation of the AC for the shareholders' approval to be sought at the forthcoming AGM of the Company on the re-appointment of the External Auditors.

II. Risk Management and Internal Control Framework

Risk management is an integral element in the Group's business management, strategic planning and operational goal setting. The task of risk management is to identify, manage and track major risks in the Company's business and business environment to enable the Company to achieve its strategic and financial goals in the best possible way. Identified risks are assessed and prioritised according to their likelihood and their potential impact on the Company's operations and financial performance.

During FYE 2021, both the risk management and internal control functions were assumed and overseen by the AC. The Senior Management and Heads of Department are delegated with the responsibility to monitor and manage risks covering their respective areas of responsibilities. During the management meetings, key risks and mitigating controls are assessed, reviewed and deliberated upon. Significant risks, if any, affecting the Group's strategic and business plan are then presented to the AC and onwards to the Board for deliberations.

In compliance with the MCCG, the Board has established a framework for risk management and internal control. Further details on the features of the risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework have been disclosed in the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control of this Annual Report.

Risk Management Committee

The Board has formed a RMC to oversee the Company's risk management framework and policies, which would subsequently take over the duties in relation to oversight of risk management function. The composition of RMC comprises a majority of Independent Directors.

The memberships of the Risk Management Working Group and RMC are stated in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of this Annual Report.

Internal Audit Function

The internal audit function is independent of the operations of the Group and provides reasonable assurance that the Group's system of internal control is satisfactory and operating effectively.

The internal audit function was performed by an external consultant during the financial year under review to identify and assess the principal risks and to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal controls of the Group. Areas for improvement were highlighted and the implementation of recommendations was monitored. None of the internal control weaknesses have resulted in any material losses, contingencies or uncertainties that would require disclosure in the Annual Report.

Details of the Company's risk management and internal control system and framework are set out in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of this Annual Report.

cont'd

PRINCIPLE C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

I. Communication with Stakeholders

The Board recognises the value of transparent, consistent and coherent communications with the investing community consistent with commercial confidentiality and regulatory considerations. Accordingly, the Board has formalised the Corporate Disclosure Policy and Procedures aimed to assist the Board and relevant personnel within the Company in proper disclosure practices which is comprehensive, accurate and made on a timely basis without any bias and selective disclosure.

The Company aims to build long-term relationships with shareholders and potential investors through appropriate channels for disclosure of information. The Group has established a comprehensive website at www.skpres.com which includes a dedicated section on Investor Relations, to further enhance shareholder communication.

Investors are provided with sufficient business, operations and financial information on the Group through the website to enable them to make informed investment decisions.

The Company's website provides all relevant information on the Company and is accessible by the public. This Investor Relations section enhances the Investor Relations function by including all announcements made by the Company, annual reports as well as the corporate and governance structure of the Company.

II. Conduct of General Meetings

The Company provides information to the shareholders with regard to, amongst others, details of the AGM, their entitlement to attend the AGM, the right to appoint a proxy and also the qualifications of a proxy.

All shareholders are encouraged to attend the Company's AGM and participate in the proceedings. Opportunities will be given to the shareholders to ask questions and seek clarification on the business and performance of the Group. The Board members, Senior Management and the External Auditors are present at the Company's AGM to respond to shareholders' queries.

Apart from contacts at General Meetings, the Directors and/or Senior Management have the option of calling for meetings with investors/analysts if they deem necessary.

The Notice of the Twentieth AGM ("20th AGM") held on 25 September 2020 was issued more than 28 days prior to the AGM. This is to ensure that shareholders are given sufficient time to read and consider the resolutions to be resolved.

All the Directors were present at the 20th AGM of the Company held in 2020 to engage with the shareholders personally and proactively.

The proceedings of the AGM included the presentation of financial statements to the shareholders, and a question-and-answer session in which the Chairperson of the AGM would invite shareholders to raise questions on the Company's financial statements and other items for adoption at the AGM, before putting a resolution to vote.

The Chairman of the AGM ensures that sufficient opportunities are given to shareholders to raise issues relating to the affairs of the Company and that adequate responses are given.

The Chairmen of the Board Committees are also readily available to address the questions posted by the shareholders at the general meetings.

In addition to the above, members of the Senior Management and External Auditors of the Company have also attended and will continue to attend the AGM to respond to the shareholders' queries.

In line with the MMLR on requirement for poll voting for any resolution set out in the notice of general meetings, at the 20th AGM held last year, all the resolutions tabled at the 20th AGM were all voted by poll.

PRINCIPLE C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS (cont'd)

II. Conduct of General Meetings (cont'd)

Depending on the cost effectiveness, the Board will consider and explore the suitability and feasibility of adopting electronic voting in coming years to facilitate greater shareholders participation at general meeting, and to ensure accurate and efficient outcomes of the poll voting process.

KEY FOCUS AREAS AND FUTURE PRIORITIES

Looking ahead to financial year ending 2022, the Board and its respective Board Committees will:-

- Focus on major strategic issues to ensure sustainability and growth;
- Continue to monitor succession planning for the senior leadership team, to ensure a healthy pipeline of talent is emerging for future senior executive management;
- Consider other variety of approaches and independent sources to identify suitable candidate for appointment of Directors, should the need arise;
- Continue to review the balance, experience & skills of the Board; and
- To work with and guide Management to ensure the safety and health of the Group's employees during this COVID-19 pandemic.

This Corporate Governance Overview Statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 23 August 2021.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This statement is prepared as required by the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Directors are required to prepare annual financial statements which are in accordance with applicable approved accounting standards; to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Company as at the end of the financial year; and of their results and their cash flows for that year then ended.

The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements of the Group and the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2021,

- the Group and the Company have adopted appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- the statements are supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates;
- all applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia, including but not limited to Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards have been followed; and
- prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors are also responsible for ensuring that the Group and the Company keep proper accounting records which disclose the financial position of the Group and of the Company with reasonable accuracy at any time, thus enabling the financial statements to be complied with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 and have been made out in accordance with applicable Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Directors are also responsible for taking the necessary steps as are reasonably open to them to ensure appropriate systems are in place to safeguard the assets of the Group and of the Company, and to detect and prevent fraud and other irregularities. The systems, by their nature, can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of SKP Resources Bhd is pleased to present its Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control for the financial year ended 31 March 2021, which has been prepared in accordance with the "Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control – Guideline for Directors of Public Listed Issuers" ("SRMICG") issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and taking into consideration the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2017 ("MCCG 2017"). The statement below outlines the nature and scope of internal controls of the Group during the financial year under review.

For the purposes of this statement, associate is not dealt with as part of the Group, and therefore not covered by this statement.

THE BOARD'S RESPONSIBILITY

The Board acknowledges its responsibility and re-affirms its commitment in maintaining a sound system of internal control and effective risk management practices to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets as well as reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls.

In addition, the Board welcomed the development of a risk management framework in order to improve the corporate governance. The risk framework that the Board adopted will involve the integration of policies and procedures, charters and people in driving the risk framework, as depicted below:

Group Level Working Group CHARTERS Subsidiary Level Risk Assessment Risk Appetite Risk Profiling Risk Matrix

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Following the establishment of the Risk Management Committee ("RMC") on the 22 February 2018, a Working Group at all respective subsidiaries level had been established. The Working Group conducted two rounds of meeting to fine tune the risk assessment. Thereafter, a selected personnel will be entrusted to conduct an overall review of the risk assessment of the Group.

Together with the RMC and Audit Committee, both Committees will deliberate on the Risk assessment and the proposed annual audit plan. The proposed audit plan will be on risk based approach. Audit will be conducted based on the priority of the risk.

Periodically the Working Group will review the risk and update the risk assessment result. The risk assessment results will then tabled to the RMC for update and consideration. The audit plan may also be revised based on the result of the risk assessment.

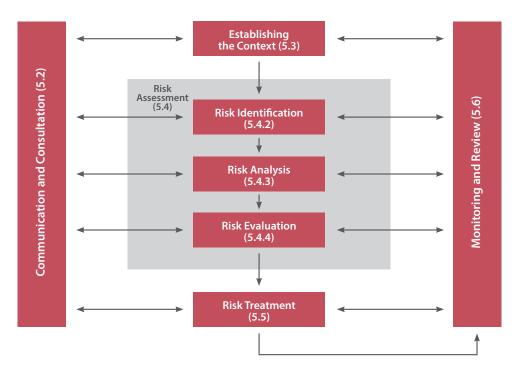
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THE BOARD'S RESPONSIBILITY (cont'd)

The Board confirms that there is an on going process for identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks faced by the Group that has been put in place for the year and up to the date of approval of this statement for inclusion in the annual report. The process is being regularly reviewed by the Board through its RMC.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The RMC shall assist the Board in evaluating the adequacy of the Group's risk management. On 22 February 2018, the RMC has adopted its terms of reference (i.e. the Risk Management Charter). The RMC has also appointed Messrs MAC & ASSOCIATES PLT, a professional consulting firm to assist the Group in the implementation of the risk management framework. In the subsequent RMC meeting, the RMC has accepted the formation of the Risk Management Working Group ("RMWG") at all levels of the subsidiaries. In addition, the RMC has accepted and adopted the risk assessment framework to be used by the risk owners to identify and manage the risk, and determined the Board's risk appetite.



ISO 31000: Risk Management process

Process for Managing Risk

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Group has established the internal control procedures with clear lines of accountability and delegated authority to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks. The Group has an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing key risks in the context of its business objectives. These processes are embedded within the Group's management systems. Members of Senior Management and Heads of Departments are delegated with the responsibility to monitor and manage risks based on their respective areas of responsibilities. During the monthly management meetings, key risks and mitigating controls are assessed, reviewed and deliberated. Significant risks, if any, affecting the Group's strategic and business plan are then presented to the Audit Committee and onwards to the Board at their scheduled meetings. The Board shall continue to evaluate the Group's risk management process to ensure it remains relevant to the Group's requirements. However, as there are inherent limitations in any system of internal controls, such systems put into effect by management can only reduce but cannot eliminate all risks that may impede the achievement of the Group's business objectives. Therefore, the internal control system can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

MONITORING MECHANISM AND MANAGEMENT STYLE

The Board entrusts the daily running of the business to the Executive Chairman cum Managing Director and his management team. The Executive Chairman cum Managing Director and his management team received timely and regular information pertaining to performance and profitability of the Group and the subsidiaries through quarterly reports, which include quantitative and qualitative trends, as well as analysis through a computerised system. The Executive Chairman cum Managing Director plays a pivotal role in communicating the Board's expectations of the system of internal control to management. This is achieved through his active participation in the operations of the business as well as attendance at various scheduled management committee meetings. The management committee which comprises Heads of Departments meets regularly to discuss production, operational, sales and human resource issues. The Executive Chairman cum Managing Director monitors the progress of these issues through regular interaction with management and the review of the management meeting minutes.

In addition to the internal reporting system, as a contract manufacturer, the Group also constantly has close and regular reporting with their vendors. The vendors provide unbiased and constant feedback of the business performance of respective business unit. Management welcome this feedback from the vendors. This information enables the Group to actively improve operation effectiveness and efficiency.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Group has outsourced its internal audit function to Messrs MAC & ASSOCIATES PLT, a professional consulting firm which provides reasonable independent assurance on the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control. The internal audit function reports directly to the Audit Committee to provide feedback regarding the adequacy and integrity of the Group's system of internal control. The internal audit function conducts risk-based audit reviews based on the annual audit plan approved by the Audit Committee.

During the financial year, the cost incurred for the internal audit function amounted to approximately RM41,250.

OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF THE GROUP'S SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The other key elements of the Group's system of internal control are described below:

- Establishment of an environment in respect of the overall attitude, awareness and actions of directors, managers as well as employees regarding the internal control system and its importance to the entity.
- Specific responsibilities have been delegated to the relevant Board Committees, all of which have written terms
 of reference. These committees have the authority to examine all matters within their scope of responsibility
 and report back to the Board with their recommendations. The ultimate responsibility for the final decision on all
 matters however lies with the Board.
- Monitoring of performance including discussion of any significant issues at quarterly management meetings which are attended by heads of subsidiaries under the Group.
- Financial and operational reporting by subsidiaries are discussed at the Group management meetings on a monthly basis.
- The Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, is responsible for the review of the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's system of internal control with the Internal Auditors and External Auditors.
- Review of all proposals for material capital expenditure and investment acquisitions.

contic

CONCLUSION

The Board has received assurance from the Executive Chairman cum Managing Director and Group Financial Controller that the Group's overall risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Board is satisfied that for the financial year ended 31 March 2021, there were no material losses, contingencies or uncertainties as a result of weakness in the system of internal control. The risks are considered to be kept at an acceptable level within the context of the Group's business environment. The Board and management continue to take proactive measures to strengthen the control environment and internal control system of the Group. This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 23 August 2021.

REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The external auditors have reviewed the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to the scope set out in Audit and Assurance Practice Guide ("AAPG") 3, *Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report* issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") for inclusion in the annual report of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the Statement intended to be included in the annual report of the Group, in all material aspects, has not been prepared in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the SRMICG or is factually inaccurate. The external auditors' report was made solely for, and directed solely to the Board of Directors in connection with their compliance in the listing requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and for no other purpose or parties. As stated in their report, the external auditors do not assume responsibility to any person other than the Board of Directors in respect of any aspect of this report.

AAPG 3 does not require the external auditors to consider whether the Directors' Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Board of Directors and management thereon.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Audit Committee ("AC" or "the Committee") is pleased to present the AC Report to provide insight on the discharge of the AC's functions and duties during the financial year ended 31 March 2021 ("FYE 2021").

COMPOSITION OF THE AC

The current composition of the AC is as follows:-

Mr. Koh Song Heng (Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Koh Chin Koon (Member, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Goh Kah Im (Member, Independent Non-Executive Director)

(appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

Mr. Chew Teck Cheng (Member, Independent Non-Executive Director)

(ceased w.e.f. 14 December 2020)

The composition of the AC is in compliance with the Paragraph 15.09 of the Main Market Listing Requirement ("MMLR") of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"), where the AC comprises three (3) members, which consist of two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors and one (1) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director.

Mr. Koh Song Heng has been elected as the AC Chairman from amongst the AC members with effect from 14 December 2020.

Both Mr. Koh Chin Koon and Mr. Goh Kah Im are members of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants that fulfills the requirements under Paragraph 15.09(1)(c)(i) of the MMLR of Bursa Securities.

MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCES

During the FYE 2021, the AC held a total of three (3) meetings. The details of attendance of the Committee members are as follows:-

AC Members	Number of AC Meetings Attended	%
Mr. Koh Song Heng	3/3	100
Mr. Koh Chin Koon	2/3	67
Mr. Goh Kah Im (appointed w.e.f. 14 December 2020)	1/1	100
Mr. Chew Teck Cheng (ceased w.e.f. 14 December 2020)	2/2	100

The lead audit engagement partner and engagement team member of the External Auditors of the Company attended two (2) AC meetings held during the financial year. The External Auditors were encouraged to raise to the AC any matters they considered important for the AC's attention. During the FYE 2021, there were two (2) private sessions held between the AC and the External Auditors without the presence of the Executive Directors and Management personnel.

The Chairman of the AC also sought information on the communication flow between the External Auditors and the Management which is necessary to allow unrestricted access to information for the external auditors to effectively perform their duties.

All deliberations during the AC Meetings were duly recorded in the minutes of meetings. Minutes of the AC Meetings were tabled for confirmation at every succeeding AC Meeting.

ANNUAL REPORT 2021

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

cont'd

TERMS OF REFERENCE ("TOR")

A copy of the TOR of the AC is available for viewing under the "Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website at www.skpres.com.

SUMMARY OF WORKS UNDERTAKEN BY THE AC

The AC had established a policy on the provision of non-audit services to be provided by External Auditors and had carried out the following works during the FYE 2021 in discharging its functions and duties in accordance with its TOR:-

- 1. reviewed the quarterly reports of the Group to ensure adherence to legal and regulatory reporting requirements;
- 2. reviewed the audited annual financial statements of the Company and the Group before recommending for the Board's approval;
- 3. reviewed the results of the audit of the annual financial statements of the Company and the Group by the External Auditors which includes:
 - a) significant accounting and auditing issues;
 - b) summary of audit differences; and
 - c) review of the internal control system of the Group;
- reviewed and approved the draft AC Report and Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control to be incorporated in the Annual Report;
- 5. reviewed the following in respect of internal audit:
 - a) the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit functions and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work; and
 - b) the internal audit program, processes, the results of the internal audit program, processes or investigation undertaken and whether or not appropriate action is taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function.
- reviewed the internal audit reports, audit recommendations made and management response to those
 recommendations and reviewed the follow-up audits to ensure that appropriate actions were taken and
 recommendations of the Internal Auditors were implemented;
- 7. reviewed with the External Auditors, their audit planning memorandum, audit approach and reporting requirements prior to the commencement of audit works;
- 8. met with the External Auditors, in the absence of the Executive Directors and Management, to discuss problems and reservations arising from their final audit;
- 9. reviewed and assessed the performance, suitability and independence of the External Auditors for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 and recommended for their re-appointment as Auditors of the Company until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting;
- 10. reviewed the audit and non-audit fees payable to the External Auditors for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 to ensure the level of non-audit services rendered by the External Auditors would not impair their independence;
- 11. reviewed the Group's trade debtors listing on a quarterly basis and updates in relation thereto; and
- 12. reviewed any related party transactions and conflict of interest situations that may arise within the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises a question of management integrity.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Group's internal audit function, was outsourced to MAC & Associates PLT. The key role of the Internal Auditors is to provide the AC with independent and systematic assessments and reviews on the systems of internal control of the Group. The Internal Audit function provides an independent and objective feedback to the AC and the Board on the adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the internal control system within the Group.

During the financial year, the summary of works undertaken by the Internal Auditors were as follows:-

- reviewed compliance with policies, standards of procedure and relevant external rules and regulations;
- assessed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control and recommended appropriate actions to be taken where necessary;
- presentation of the internal audit findings and the corrective actions to be taken by Management; and
- ensured that those weaknesses were appropriately addressed within the stipulated timeframe.

At the AC meeting held on 29 August 2019, MAC & Associates PLT has presented the Internal Audit Plan for years 2020 to 2022 and the AC has agreed to the proposed audited areas as tabled.

Subsequently at the AC meeting held on 3 June 2021, MAC & Associates PLT has presented the Internal Audit Plan for years 2022 to 2023 and the AC has agreed to the proposed audited areas as tabled.

The AC had during the financial year reviewed the internal audit report in relation to the risk scorecard of Goodhart Industries Sdn. Bhd., S.P.I Plastic Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd. and Plastictecnic (M) Sdn. Bhd., the subsidiaries of the Company as well as reviewed SKP Group's Land and Buildings.

Effective 1 June 2020, Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 ("MACC Act") was amended to include the corporate liability of Malaysian commercial organisations ("CO") for corruption offences under the new provision.

During the FYE 2021, the Company, defined as a CO under the Guidelines on Adequate Procedures ("GAP") issued by the Prime Minister's Office in December 2018 (which set out adequate procedures a CO would need to put in place as a defence to a corporate liability charge under the MACC Act), has established the Integrity Policy and the supporting programmes.

During their review, there was no material internal control failure that was reported that would have resulted in any significant loss to the Group, the total fees incurred for internal audit function incurred for the FYE 2021 was RM41,250 (FYE 2020: RM26,000).



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The directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services to the subsidiaries.

The principal activities and other information relating to the subsidiaries are described in Note 19 to the financial statements.

RESULTS

	Group	Company
	RM'000	RM'000
Profit net of tax	133,243	39,929
Profit attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Company	133,243	39,929

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

DIVIDEND

The amount of dividend paid by the Company since 31 March 2020 was as follows:

RM'000

In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2020:

Final single-tier dividend of 2.93 sen, on 1,249,888,549 ordinary shares (which excluded 300,000 treasury shares), approved on 25 August 2020 and paid on 23 October 2020

36,622

On 25 August 2021, the directors have approved a final single-tier dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2021 amounting to a dividend payable of approximately RM66,713,000 (4.27 sen per ordinary share for 1,562,360,337 shares which excluded 375,000 treasury shares), payable on 29 October 2021. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this dividend. Such dividend will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 March 2022.

DIRECTORS

The names of the directors of the Company in office since the beginning of the financial year to the date of this report are:

Dato' Gan Kim Huat * Gan Poh San * Koh Chin Koon Koh Song Heng

Goh Kah Im (Appointed on 14 December 2020)
Anita Chew Cheng Im (Appointed on 14 December 2020)
Chew Teck Cheng (Resigned on 14 December 2020)

The names of the directors of the Company's subsidiaries in office since the beginning of the financial year to the date of this report (not including those directors listed above) are:

Gan Poh Chuan Chua Huai Eng Kau Wai Faun Gan Chia Siang Lou Swee Chen

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company as shown below) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a company in which he has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

The directors' benefits are as follows:

	Group	Company
	RM'000	RM'000
Salaries and other emoluments	6,116	-
Fees	184	184
Bonus	5,184	-
Defined contribution plan	2,145	-
	13,629	184

There was no insurance effected to indemnify any directors and officers of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

^{*} These directors are also directors of the Company's subsidiaries.

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DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares in the Company and its related corporations during the financial year were as follows:

		Number of	ordinary shares	
	1.4.2020	Acquired	Sold	31.3.2021
Direct interest:				
Dato' Gan Kim Huat	118,379,718	-	(62,494,400)*	55,885,318
Gan Poh San	-	62,494,400*	-	62,494,400
		Number of	ordinary shares	
	1.4.2020	Acquired	Sold	31.3.2021
Indirect interests				
Dato' Gan Kim Huat	382,226,428	-	(312,000)	381,914,428@
Gan Poh San	204,455,580	-	-	204,455,580#

- Indirect interests held through Renown Million Sdn. Bhd., Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd., Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd., Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd. and shareholdings held by his son other than Gan Poh San.
- # Indirect interests held through Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd. and Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd.
- * On 5 February 2021, Dato' Gan Kim Huat transferred 62,494,400 ordinary shares to his son, Gan Poh San at nil consideration.

Dato' Gan Kim Huat and Gan Poh San, by virtue of their interests in shares in the Company, are also deemed interested in the shares of all the Company's subsidiaries to the extent the Company has an interest.

None of the other directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares and warrants of the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:
 - to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of
 provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and
 that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their values as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
 - (i) the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; and
 - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION cont'd

- (c) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) As at the date of this report, there does not exist:
 - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
 - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the directors:
 - (i) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet its obligations when they fall due; and
 - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of events after the reporting period are disclosed in Note 45 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Ernst & Young PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Auditors' remuneration are disclosed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Ernst & Young PLT, as part of the terms of its audit engagement against claims by third parties arising from the audit. No payment has been made to indemnify Ernst & Young PLT for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 25 August 2021.

Dato' Gan Kim Huat Gan Poh San

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

We, Dato' Gan Kim Huat and Gan Poh San, being two of the directors of SKP Resources Bhd, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 61 to 125 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2021 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 25 August 2021.

Dato' Gan Kim Huat Gan Poh San

STATUTORY DECLARATION

PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1)(B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

I, Dato' Gan Kim Huat, being the director primarily responsible for the financial management of SKP Resources Bhd, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 61 to 125 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed Dato' Gan Kim Huat on 25 August 2021 at Bandar Baru Bangi, Selangor.

Dato' Gan Kim Huat

Before me,

NOR AZIZAH BINTI JOHARUDDIN Commissioner for Oaths (No.: B248)

TO THE MEMBERS OF SKP RESOURCES BHD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of SKP Resources Bhd, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 March 2021 of the Group and of the Company, and statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 61 to 125.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2021, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year. We determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report on the financial statements of the Company. The key audit matters for the audit of the financial statements of the Group are described below. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis of our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Revenue recognition

(We would like to draw your attention to Note 3.19(a) and Note 7 to the financial statements.)

During the year, the sale of goods recorded by the Group amounted to RM2.22 billion representing 99% of the Group's revenue. We have identified sale of goods to be a key audit matter as we consider the voluminous sales transactions during the year to be the possible cause for higher risk of material misstatements.

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, the following procedures:

(a) we obtained an understanding on the Group's internal controls over the point when the Group recognises the revenue upon the transfer of the promised goods to customers and the transaction price recorded as revenue;

TO THE MEMBERS OF SKP RESOURCES BHD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA) cont'd

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS cont'd

Key audit matters cont'd

Revenue recognition cont'd

- (b) on a sampling basis, we:
 - i) inspected the terms of significant sales transactions to determine the point of transfer of control and assessed whether revenue was recognised in accordance with the terms stated in the respective sales invoices;
 - ii) traced from the sales records to the supporting acknowledged delivery orders or bills of lading which evidenced the sales of goods to customers; and
 - traced from the sales records several days preceding and post year end to the supporting acknowledged delivery orders or bills of lading and we reviewed the debit and credit notes issued subsequent to year end to assess whether the transactions were recorded within the correct financial year.

Review of costing of inventories

(We would like to draw your attention to the summary of significant accounting policies in Note 3.12, significant accounting judgement and estimate in Note 6.2(d) and Note 23 to the financial statements.)

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's inventories amounted to RM221 million, representing 21% of the Group's total assets.

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Included in the inventories are raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods. Work-in-progress and finished goods comprise cost of raw materials, labour and manufacturing overheads. The Group applies cost of raw materials and predetermined labour and overhead expenses to derive at the costs of work-in-progress and finished goods which involved significant management estimates.

Given the significance of the account balances and the significant management estimates involved in deriving at the cost of inventories, we have identified the valuation of inventories to be an area of audit focus.

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, the following procedures:

- (a) we obtained an understanding of the Group's inventories valuation policy, production processes and the types of costs included in the valuation of inventories;
- (b) we assessed whether the inventories costing method used in deriving the cost of work-in-progress and finished goods is consistent with the Group's policy;
- (c) we reviewed management's working on apportionment of production overhead to assess whether the apportionment basis is applied consistently across the Group; and
- (d) agreed, on sampling basis, the cost of raw materials to suppliers' invoices.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's Report and other information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

TO THE MEMBERS OF SKP RESOURCES BHD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA) cont'd

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS cont'd

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon cont'd

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is material misstatements therein, we are required to communicate the matters to the directors of the Company and take appropriate action.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

TO THE MEMBERS OF SKP RESOURCES BHD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA) cont'd

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS cont'd

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements cont'd

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants

Melaka, Malaysia 25 August 2021 Lee Ming Li 02983/03/2022J Chartered Accountant

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

			Group	Cor	mpany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue	7	2,251,182	1,826,733	40,300	48,700
Cost of sales		(1,984,089)	(1,640,474)	-	-
Gross profit		267,093	186,259	40,300	48,700
Other items of income					
Interest income	8	2,985	6,679	331	941
Other income	9	12,426	9,597	-	-
Other items of expense					
Administrative expenses		(103,834)	(98,987)	(687)	(534)
Selling and marketing expenses		(7,080)	(7,193)	-	-
Finance costs	10	(268)	(227)	-	-
Profit before tax	11	171,322	96,128	39,944	49,107
Income tax expense	14	(38,079)	(23,992)	(15)	(2)
Profit net of tax, representing total comprehensive income for the year		133,243	72,136	39,929	49,105
Profit/(loss) attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		133,243	73,161	39,929	49,105
Non-controlling interest		-	(1,025)	-	-
		133,243	72,136	39,929	49,105
Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company (sen per share)					
Before issuance of bonus shares					
- Basic	15	10.66	5.85		
- Diluted	15	10.66	5.85		
After issuance of bonus shares					
- Basic	15	8.53	4.68		
- Diluted	15	8.53	4.68		

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

			Group	Co	mpany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	16	267,265	248,492	18	28
Investment properties	17	3,871	3,662	-	-
Right-of-use assets	18	31,756	29,916	-	-
Investment in subsidiaries	19	-	-	294,914	294,914
Investment in an associate	20	-	-	-	-
Other investments	21	139	139	-	-
Other non-current asset	22	74	74	-	-
Deferred tax assets	33	892	2,268	-	-
		303,997	284,551	294,932	294,942
Current assets					
Inventories	23	221,498	164,138	-	-
Trade and other receivables	24	338,250	358,680	14,426	1,396
Tax recoverable		-	5,033	13	14
Contract assets	25	1,773	-	-	-
Prepayments	26	10,414	8,743	-	-
Other investments	21	116,221	126,125	3,753	14,612
Cash and bank balances	27	56,613	55,339	11,025	9,845
		744,769	718,058	29,217	25,867
Total assets		1,048,766	1,002,609	324,149	320,809
Equity and liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	28	288,897	349,474	293	260
Contract liabilities	29	6,342	5,257	-	-
Borrowing	30	-	106	-	-
Lease liabilities	31	2,038	1,820	-	-
Provisions	32	23,710	13,885	-	-
Tax payable		3,806	-	-	-
		324,793	370,542	293	260
Net current assets		419,976	347,516	28,924	25,607

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

			Group	Coi	mpany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities	33	13,973	17,488	-	-
Borrowing	30	-	69	-	-
Lease liabilities	31	2,169	3,300	-	-
		16,142	20,857	-	-
Total liabilities		340,935	391,399	293	260
Net assets		707,831	611,210	323,856	320,549
Equity attributable to equity holders of the company					
Share capital	34	296,126	296,126	296,126	296,126
Treasury shares	34	(208)	(208)	(208)	(208)
Merger deficit	35	(95,002)	(95,002)	-	-
Retained earnings	36	508,303	411,682	27,938	24,631
Other reserves		(1,388)	(1,388)	-	-
Shareholders' equity		707,831	611,210	323,856	320,549
Non-controlling interest		-	-	-	-
Total equity		707,831	611,210	323,856	320,549
Total equity and liabilities		1,048,766	1,002,609	324,149	320,809

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

			Attribut	Attributable to owners of the Company	s of the Com	pany	T
		1		Non-distributable	utable		Distributable
	L	Equity attributable to owners of the	ć	ı		j	
	total	Company, total	Share capital	shares	deficit	reserves	Retained earnings
	KM 000	KM.000	KM, 000	KM,000	KM,000	KM.000	KM, 000
2021							
Opening balance at 1 April 2020	611,210	611,210	296,126	(208)	(95,002)	(1,388)	411,682
Profit for the year, net of tax	133,243	133,243	ı	ı	ı	1	133,243
Transaction with owners							
Dividend on ordinary shares (Note 37)	(36,622)	(36,622)	1	ı	1	1	(36,622)
	707,831	707,831	296,126	(208)	(95,002)	(1,388)	508,303
Closing balance at 31 March 2021	707,831	707,831	296,126	(208)	(95,002)	(1,388)	508,303

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	•		Attributa	Attributable to owners of the Company	s of the Con	pany	1	
		1		Non-distributable	outable	T	Distributable	
	Equity,	Equity attributable to owners of the Company,	Share	Treasury	Merger	Other	Retained	Non- controlling
	total RM'000	total RM'000	capital RM'000	shares RM'000	deficit RM'000	reserves RM'000	earnings RM'000	Interest RM'000
2020								
Opening balance at 1 April 2019	588,664	587,652	296,126	ı	(95,002)	ı	386,528	1,012
Profit/(loss) for the year, net of tax	72,136	73,161	1	ı	ı	ı	73,161	(1,025)
Transactions with owners Acquisition of non-controlling interest	13	1	ı	1	1	I	1	13
Premium paid on acquisition of non-controlling interest (Note 19(b)(ii))	(1,388)	(1,388)	1	1	1	(1,388)	ı	ı
Share buy back (Note 34)	(208)	(208)	1	(208)	ı	ı	1	1
Dividend on ordinary shares (Note 37)	(48,007)	(48,007)	1	1	ı	ı	(48,007)	ı
	611,210	611,210	296,126	(208)	(95,002)	(1,388)	411,682	1
Closing balance at 31 March 2020	611,210	611,210	296,126	(208)	(95,002)	(1,388)	411,682	1

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	F	Distributable		
	Equity, total	Share capital	Treasury shares	Retained earnings
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2021				
Opening balance as at 1 April 2020	320,549	296,126	(208)	24,631
Profit for the year, net of tax	39,929	-	-	39,929
Transaction with owners				
Dividend on ordinary shares (Note 37)	(36,622)	-	-	(36,622)
Closing balance at 31 March 2021	323,856	296,126	(208)	27,938
2020				
Opening balance at 1 April 2019	319,659	296,126	-	23,533
Profit for the year, net of tax	49,105	-	-	49,105
Transaction with owners				
Share buy back (Note 34(b))	(208)	-	(208)	-
Dividend on ordinary shares (Note 37)	(48,007)	-	-	(48,007)
Closing balance at 31 March 2020	320,549	296,126	(208)	24,631

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Group			Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Operating activities					
Profit before tax	171,322	96,128	39,944	49,107	
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation of:					
- right-of-use assets	2,614	1,784	-	-	
- property, plant and equipment	32,638	26,592	10	10	
- investment properties	56	32	-	-	
Impairment loss on trade and other receivables	897	94	-	-	
Reversal of impairment loss on receivables	-	(203)	-	-	
Impairment loss on investment properties	-	265	-	-	
Reversal of impairment loss on investment properties	(265)	-	_	_	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(474)	(787)	-	-	
Gain on derecognition of right-of-use assets	(18)	-	-	-	
Property, plant and equipment written off	635	-	-	-	
Bad debt written off	3	-	_	-	
Inventories written down	469	57	-	-	
Provision of slow moving and obsolete inventories	9,447	-	-	-	
(Gain)/loss on unrealised foreign exchange	(1,248)	2,464	-	-	
Dividend income	-	-	(40,300)	(48,700)	
Interest expense	268	227	-	-	
Interest income	(2,985)	(6,679)	(331)	(941)	
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	213,359	119,974	(677)	(524)	
Changes in working capital					
Increase in inventories	(67,276)	(70,606)	-	-	
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	16,156	(29,601)	-	(1,395)	
Increase in prepayments	(1,752)	(5,891)	-	-	
Increase in contract assets	(1,773)	-	-	-	
Increase in contract liabilities	1,085	-	-	-	
(Decrease)/increase in payables	(51,651)	82,273	33	13	
Total changes in working capital	(105,211)	(23,825)	33	(1,382)	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
	RM'000			
Cash flows generated from/(used in) operations	108,148	96,149	(644)	(1,906)
Interest paid	(268)	(227)	-	-
Tax refunded	-	1,792	-	30
Tax paid	(31,431)	(29,809)	(14)	(3)
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) operating activities	76,449	67,905	(658)	(1,879)
Investing activities				
Dividend received	-	-	40,300	48,700
Interest received	2,985	6,679	331	941
Purchase of:				
- property, plant and equipment	(46,514)	(79,498)	-	-
- investment properties	-	(1,600)	-	-
- right-of-use assets	(3,104)	(10,691)	-	-
Withdrawal of other investments	9,904	81,893	10,859	14,224
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	574	1,251	-	-
Subscription of additional shares in a subsidiary (Note 19)	-	-	-	(4,000)
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities	(36,155)	(1,966)	51,490	59,865
Financing activities				
Repayment of finance lease liability	(175)	(100)	-	-
Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(1,952)	(1,480)	-	-
Dividend paid	(36,622)	(48,007)	(36,622)	(48,007)
Acquisition of non-controlling interest (Note 19b(ii))	-	(1,375)	-	-
Advances to subsidiaries	-	-	(13,030)	-
Acquisition of treasury shares	-	(208)	-	(208)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(38,749)	(51,170)	(49,652)	(48,215)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,545	14,769	1,180	9,771
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes	(271)	535	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April	55,339	40,035	9,845	74
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March (Note 27)	56,613	55,339	11,025	9,845

ANNUAL REPORT 2021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office of the Company is located at Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur. The principal place of business is located at No. 421, 4th Miles, Jalan Kluang, 83000 Batu Pahat, Johor Darul Takzim.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services to the subsidiaries. The principal activities and other information relating to the subsidiaries are described in Note 19.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, unless otherwise indicated in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("RM'000"), except when otherwise indicated.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") as at the reporting date. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

The Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, the Group considers the following in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power over the investee:

- (i) The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- (ii) Potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- (iii) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (iv) Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.1 Basis of consolidation cont'd

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed off during the year are included in the statement of comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income ("OCI") are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interest and other components of equity, while any resultant gain or loss is recognised in statement of comprehensive income. Any investment retained is recognised at fair value.

3.2 Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and included in administrative expenses.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets include an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The acquired process is considered substantive if it is crucial to the ability to continue producing outputs, and the inputs acquired include an organised workforce with the necessary skills, knowledge, or experience to perform that process or if significantly contributes to the ability to continue producing outputs and is considered unique or scarce or cannot be replaced without significant cost, effort, or delay in the ability to continue producing outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is re-measured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. It is then considered in the determination of goodwill.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of MFRS 9 Financial Instruments is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'o

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.2 Business combinations cont'd

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the re-assessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed off, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Business combinations involving entities under common control are accounted for by applying the merger method of accounting. The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements of the controlling holding company. Any difference between the consideration paid and the share capital and capital reserves of the "acquired" entity is reflected within equity as merger reserve or deficit. The statement of comprehensive income reflects the results of the combining entities for the full year, irrespective of when the combination takes place. Comparatives are presented as if the entities had always been combined since the date the entities had come under common control.

3.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The Group's and the Company's financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which is also the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group entities at the functional currency rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency spot rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date.

All differences are taken to the profit or loss with the exception of all monetary items that forms part of a net investment in a foreign operation. These are recognised in other comprehensive income until the disposal of the net investment, at which time they are reclassified to profit or loss. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on those monetary items are also recorded in other comprehensive income.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.3 Foreign currency translation cont'd

(b) Transactions and balances cont'd

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items is recognised in line with the gain or loss of the item that gave rise to the translation difference (translation differences on items whose gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss respectively).

3.4 Property, plant and equipment

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment losses, if any. Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met.

When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group/ Company recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of comprehensive income as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Factory buildings : 50 years
Renovations : 5 to 10 years
Plant, machinery and factory equipment : 3 to 10 years
Motor vehicles : 7 to 10 years
Other assets : 5 to 10 years

Capital work in progress included in property, plant and equipment are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.5 Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(a) Group as lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(i) Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Leasehold lands50 - 99 yearsHostel buildings2 - 9 yearsForklift2 - 5 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in Note 3.11 Impairment of non-financial assets.

(ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.5 Leases cont'd

(a) Group as lessee cont'd

(iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of hostel and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(b) Group as lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

3.6 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at historical cost less provisions for depreciation and impairment.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed off or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in the profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change. If owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment set out in Note 3.4 up to the date of change.

3.7 Investment in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has all the following:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investment in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.8 Investment in an associate

An associate is equity accounted for from the date on which the investee becomes an associate.

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control over those policies.

On acquisition of an investment in associate, any excess of the cost of investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill and included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee over the cost of investment is excluded from the carrying amount of the investment and is instead included as income in the determination of the Group's share of the associate's profit or loss for the period in which the investment is acquired.

Under the equity method, on initial recognition the investment in an associate is recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate after the date of acquisition. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equal or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared as of the same reporting date as the Company. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group applies to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any additional impairment loss with respect to its net investment in the associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in accordance with MFRS 136 Impairment of Assets as a single asset, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Reversal of an impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investment in an associate is accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is included in profit or loss.

3.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

3.10 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.10 Financial instruments cont'd

(a) Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") and fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under MFRS 15.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI")' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Group's and the Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how they manage their financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, such as the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments);
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments);
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments); and
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

The Group and the Company measure financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial asset in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.10 Financial instruments cont'd

- (a) Financial assets cont'd
 - (ii) Subsequent measurement cont'd

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments) cont'd

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Group's and the Company's financial assets at amortised cost include trade and other receivables, deposits and cash and bank balances.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (debt instruments)

The Group and the Company measure debt instruments at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to statement of comprehensive income.

The Group's and the Company's debt instruments at fair value through OCI includes investments in quoted equity shares included under other non-current financial assets.

Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group and the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under MFRS 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group and the Company benefit from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Unquoted shares in Malaysia previously classified as available-for-sale financial assets is now classified and measured as fair value through OCI. The Group and the Company elected to classify irrevocably its non-listed equity investments under this category as it intends to hold these investments for the foreseeable future. There was no impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for these investments in prior periods.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.10 Financial instruments cont'd

(a) Financial assets cont'd

(ii) Subsequent measurement cont'd

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

This category includes cash management fund under other investment.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (such as removed from the statements of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group and the Company have transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group and the Company have transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group and the Company have neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but have transferred control of the asset.

When the Group and the Company have transferred their rights to receive cash flows from an asset or have entered into a 'pass-through' arrangement, they evaluate if and to what extent they have retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When they have neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's and of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group and the Company also recognise an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group and the Company have retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group and the Company could be required to repay.

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FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'c

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.10 Financial instruments cont'd

(b) Financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's and the Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowing.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(d) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company recognise an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments carried at amortised cost and fair value through OCI. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group and the Company expect to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original EIR. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.10 Financial instruments cont'd

(d) Impairment of financial assets cont'd

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Group and the Company apply a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group and the Company do not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognise a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group and the Company have established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Other financial assets including investment securities, short-term deposits and cash and cash equivalents are placed with reputable financial institutions. The Group and the Company consider these counterparties have a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows, and are of low credit risk. The impairment provision is determined based on the 12-month ECL.

The Group and the Company consider a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 180 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group and the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group and the Company are unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group and the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

3.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset or CGU is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statements of comprehensive income.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'c

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- Raw materials: purchase costs on a weighted average basis.
- Finished goods and work-in-progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand, short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

3.14 Share capital and share issuance expenses

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

3.15 Treasury shares

Treasury shares are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration, if reissued, is recognised in the retained earnings.

3.16 Dividend distributions

The Company recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to owners of equity when the distribution is authorised and is no longer at the discretion of the Company. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity. Non-cash distributions are measured at the fair value of the assets to be distributed. Upon settlement of the distribution of non-cash assets, any difference between the carrying amount of the liability and the carrying amount of the assets distributed is recognised in income as a separate line in the statement of comprehensive income.

3.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.17 Provisions cont'd

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

3.18 Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position of the Group and of the Company.

3.19 Revenue and other income

The Group and the Company recognise revenue from contracts with customers for the sales of goods and moulding and modification works based on the five-step model as set out below:

- (i) Identify contracts with a customer. A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria that must be met.
- (ii) Identify performance obligations in the contract. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.
- (iii) Determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract. For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Group and the Company allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.
- (v) Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group and the Company satisfy a performance obligation.

The Group and the Company satisfy a performance obligation and recognise revenue over time if one of the following criteria is met;

- (i) Do not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Company and have an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date; or
- (ii) Create or enhance an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (iii) Provide benefits that the customer simultaneously receives and consumes as the Group and the Company perform.

For performance obligations where any one of the above conditions is not met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'o

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.19 Revenue and other income cont'd

Revenue and other income are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty. The followings describes the performance obligations in contracts with customers:

(a) Sale of goods

Sale of goods are recognised net of returns and trade discount when the services or goods are rendered at a point in time.

(b) Moulding and modification works

Revenue from moulding and modification works is recognised at a point in time and over time depending on the contractual terms with the customers.

(c) Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straightline basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of comprehensive income due to its operating nature.

(d) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's and the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

(e) Interest income

Interest income recognised on an accrual basis based on effective interest rate.

3.20 Contract balances

(a) Contract assets

A contract asset is initially recognised for revenue earned from moulding and modification works recognised over time because the receipt of consideration is conditional on successful completion of moulding and modification works. Upon completion of moulding and modification works, the amount recognised as contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables.

Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment. Refer to accounting policies on impairment of financial assets in Note 3.10.

(b) Trade receivables

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in Note 3.10.

(c) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e. transfer control of the related goods or services to the customer).

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.21 Taxes

(a) Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investment in subsidiaries where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investment in subsidiaries deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'o

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.21 Taxes cont'd

(b) Deferred tax cont'd

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(c) Sales and Service Tax ("SST")

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of SST except:

- Where the amount of SST incurred in a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the SST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of SST included.

The payable amount of SST to the taxation authority is included as part of payables in the statements of financial position.

3.22 Employee benefits

(i) Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Group makes contributions to the Employees Provident Fund in Malaysia, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

3.23 Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Company who regularly review the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance.

Additional disclosures on the reportable segments are shown in Note 43, including the factors used to identify the reportable segment and the measurement basis of segment information.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.24 Current versus non-current classification

Assets and liabilities in statement of financial position are presented based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

3.25 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available, are used to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

3.25 Fair value measurement cont'd

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Policies and procedures are determined by senior management for both recurring fair value measurement and for non-recurring measurement.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets and significant liabilities. Involvement of external valuers is decided by senior management. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The senior management decides, after discussions with the external valuers, which valuation techniques and inputs to use for each case.

At each reporting date, the senior management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed according to the accounting policies of the Company. For this analysis, the senior management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The senior management, in conjunction with the external valuers, also compares the changes in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, classes of assets and liabilities are determined based on the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

3.26 Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all the attached conclusion will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on as systematic basis over the periods that related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as deduction in calculating the carrying amount of the asset. The grant is recognised in profit or loss over the life of a depreciable asset as a reduced depreciation expense.

4. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

On 1 April 2020, the Group and the Company adopted the following Amendments mandatory for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as follows:

Description	annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to references to the Conceptual Framework in MFRS Standards	1 January 2020
Amendments to MFRS 3: Business Combinations - Definition of a Business	1 January 2020
Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial Statements and MFRS 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - Definition of Material	1 January 2020
Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139 and MFRS 7: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform	1 January 2020

The adoption of the above Amendments did not have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

5. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Standards and Amendments issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Group's and of the Company's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group and the Company intend to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Description	or after
Amendment to MFRS 16: Leases - Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions	1 June 2020
Amendments to MFRS 4 Insurance Contracts: Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying MFRS 9	17 August 2020
Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2	1 January 2021
Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018-2020	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 3: Business Combinations - Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets - Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The directors are of opinion that the Standard and Amendments above would not have any material impact on the financial statements in the year of initial adoption.

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future periods.

6.1 Judgements made in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the above accounting policies, management has not made any critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which significantly affect the amounts recognised in these financial statements.

6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'd

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES cont'd

6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty cont'd

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is depreciated on the straight-line method that reflects the consumption of the economic benefits of the asset over its useful life. Estimates are applied in the selection of the depreciation method, the useful lives and the residual values. The actual consumption of the economic benefits of the property, plant and equipment may differ from the estimates applied and this may lead to a gain or loss on an eventual disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment.

(b) Taxes

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations, changes in tax laws, and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of international business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded.

The Group establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective Group company's domicile. As the Group assesses the probability for litigation and subsequent cash outflow with respect to taxes as remote, no contingent liability has been recognised.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

(c) Provision for expected credit losses of trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type and rating).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in Note 24.

(d) Valuation of inventories

In determining the valuation of inventories, management's judgement is required in determining the basis of valuation for finished goods and work-in-progress which comprise costs of raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs, and the appropriate allocation of overheads based on normal operating capacity.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES cont'd

6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty cont'd

(e) Provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories

The Group evaluates its inventory to ensure that it is carried at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Provision is made against slow moving and obsolete inventories when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When calculating provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories, management considers the nature and condition of the inventory, as well as applying assumptions in respect of anticipated saleability of finished goods and future usage of raw materials. Further details on the carrying amount of inventories are disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements.

7. REVENUE

	Group		Coi	mpany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Dividend income from subsidiaries	-	-	40,300	48,700
Rental income	152	185	-	-
Moulding and modification works	30,544	33,104	-	-
Sale of goods	2,220,486	1,793,444	-	-
Total revenue	2,251,182	1,826,733	40,300	48,700
Timing of revenue recognition:				
Transferred at a point in time	2,233,328	1,826,733	40,300	48,700
Transferred over time	17,854	-	-	-
	2,251,182	1,826,733	40,300	48,700
	·			

	G	roup
	2021	2020 RM'000
	RM'000	
Contract balances		
Contract assets	1,773	-
Contract liabilities	(6,342)	(5,257)
Trade receivables	323,277	334,896

8. INTEREST INCOME

	Group		Company							
	2021 RM'000	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2020	2021	2020
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000						
Interest income from:										
- financial assets at amortised cost	324	743	2	-						
- financial assets at fair value through										
profit or loss	2,661	5,936	329	941						
	2,985	6,679	331	941						

Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represent interests from cash management fund with licensed financial institutions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

OTHER INCOME

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Compensation from suppliers	-	416	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	474	787	-	-
Gain on derecognition of right-of-use assets	18	-	-	-
Gain on foreign exchange				
- realised	963	2,187	-	-
- unrealised	1,248	-	-	-
Rental income	204	68	-	-
Insurance claim	59	-	-	-
Sundry income	5,823	5,936	-	-
Government subsidies	3,372	-	-	-
Reversal of impairment loss on investment properties (Note 17)	265	-	-	-
Reversal of allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables (Note 24(a))	-	203	-	-
	12,426	9,597	-	-

10. FINANCE COSTS

	G	roup
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Interest expense on:		
- Bankers' acceptance	37	2
- Lease liabilities	210	212
- Obligation under finance lease	21	13
Total finance costs	268	227

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

11. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The following amounts have been included in arriving at profit before tax:

	Group		Group Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Auditors' remuneration:				
- statutory audit:				
- current year	308	318	50	55
- overprovision in respect of prior year	(21)	-	(5)	-
- other services	5	9	5	9
Direct operating expenses arising from rental generating investment properties	47	30	-	-
Depreciation of:				
- Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	32,638	26,592	10	10
- Right-of-use assets (Note 18)	2,614	1,784	-	-
- Investment properties (Note 17)	56	32	-	-
Employee benefits expense (Note 12)	200,461	192,517	69	69
Impairment loss on trade and other receivables (Note 24(a) and 24(b))	897	94	-	-
Bad debt written off	3	-	-	-
Inventories written down (Note 23)	469	57	-	-
Provision of slow moving and obsolete inventories (Note 23)	9,447	-	-	-
Loss on unrealised foreign exchange	-	2,464	-	-
Non-executive directors' remuneration (Note 13)	115	105	115	105
Property, plant and equipment written off	635	-	-	-
Rental expenses on short-term leases and low value assets	4,758	3,504	5	-
Impairment loss on investment properties (Note 17)	-	265	_	-

12. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

	Group		Company		
	2021	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Wages and salaries	187,218	177,431	-	-	
Defined contribution plan	9,812	10,763	-	-	
Other related costs	3,431	4,323	69	69	
	200,461	192,517	69	69	

Included in staff costs of the Group and of the Company are executive directors' remuneration amounting to RM13,514,000 (2020: RM13,514,000) and RM69,000 (2020: RM69,000) respectively as further disclosed in Note 13.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The details of remuneration receivable by directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

	Group		Coi	mpany		
	2021	2021	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Executive:						
Salaries and other emoluments	6,116	6,116	-	-		
Fees	69	69	69	69		
Bonus	5,184	5,184	-	-		
Defined contribution plan	2,145	2,145	-	-		
Total directors' remuneration (Note 12)	13,514	13,514	69	69		
Non executive:						
Fees (Note 11)	115	105	115	105		
Total non-executive directors' remuneration	115	105	115	105		
Total directors' remuneration	13,629	13,619	184	174		

The number of directors of the Company whose total remuneration during the year catagories within the following bands are analysed below:

	Number of	f Directors
	2021	2020
Executive directors:		
RM6,450,001 - RM6,500,000	1	1
RM6,950,001 - RM7,000,000	-	-
RM7,000,001 - RM7,050,000	1	1
Non-Executive directors:		
Below RM50,000	5	3

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

14. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Major components of income tax expense

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 are:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Statement of comprehensive income:				
Current income tax				
- Malaysian income tax	39,941	23,586	15	2
- Underprovision in respect of previous years	277	2,289	-	-
	40,218	25,875	15	2
Deferred tax (Note 33):				
- Origination and reversal of				
temporary difference	(1,232)	(1,224)	-	-
- Overprovision in respect of previous years	(907)	(659)	-	-
	(2,139)	(1,883)	-	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	38,079	23,992	15	2

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2020: 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit

The reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable corporate tax rate for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 are as follows:

	2021	2020
Group	RM'000	RM'000
Accounting profit before tax	171,322	96,128
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2020: 24%)	41,117	23,071
Adjustments:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,910	1,459
Income not subject to tax	(726)	(1,528)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised unabsorbed capital allowances	(3)	(173)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	-	(467)
Utilisation of current year reinvestment allowances	(3,589)	-
Overprovision of deferred tax in respect of previous years	(907)	(659)
Underprovision of tax expense in respect of previous years	277	2,289
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	38,079	23,992

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

14. INCOME TAX EXPENSE cont'd

Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit cont'd

	2021	2020
Company	RM'000	RM'000
Accounting profit before tax	39,944	49,107
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2020: 24%)	9,587	11,786
Adjustments:		
Income not subject to tax	(9,737)	(11,912)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	165	128
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	15	2

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, excluding treasury shares held by the Company.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit for the year, net of tax, attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, excluding treasury shares held by the Company, plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

Potential ordinary shares from warrants issued subsequent to year end (Note 45(b)) are anti-dilutive as their inclusion in the diluted profit per share calculation would increase the profit per share, and hence have been excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share.

		Group
	2021	2020
Profit net of tax attributable to equity holders of the Company used in the		
computation of basic earnings per share (RM'000)	133,243	73,161
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	1,249,889	1,249,889
Bonus shares issued subsequent to year end, excluding treasury shares held by		
the Company ('000) (Note 45(b))	312,472	312,472
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue		
and issuable ('000)	1,562,361	1,562,361
Basic earnings per share (sen)		
- before issuance of bonus shares (sen)	10.66	5.85
- after issuance of bonus shares (sen)	8.53	4.68
Diluted earnings per share (sen)		
- before issuance of bonus shares (sen)	10.66	5.85
- after issuance of bonus shares (sen)	8.53	4.68

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	* Land and buildings RM'000	Plant, machinery and factory equipment RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work in progress RM'000	** Other assets	Total RM'000
Group						
Cost						
At 1 April 2019	102,319	239,380	32,657	_	24,879	399,235
Additions	11,056	62,504	2,870	7,936	5,196	89,562
Disposals		(7,155)	(847)	- ,555	-	(8,002)
Written off	_	(1,100)	-	_	(8)	(8)
Reclassification from land use rights	697	_	-	-	-	697
Reclassification to investment properties (Note 17)	(901)	_	-	_	-	(901)
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	(1,022)	-	-	-	-	(1,022)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	112,149	294,729	34,680	7,936	30,067	479,561
Additions	5,000	44,014	1,291	581	1,260	52,146
Disposals	_	(1,288)	(2,323)	-	(80)	(3,691)
Written off	_	(9,911)	_	_	(1,769)	(11,680)
Adjustment	(970)	(2,331)	(452)	_	(3,802)	(7,555)
Reclassification	-	8,460	_	(8,460)	-	_
At 31 March 2021	116,179	333,673	33,196	57	25,676	508,781
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 April 2019	22,775	155,682	18,958	-	14,976	212,391
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 11)	2,234	19,409	2,714	-	2,235	26,592
Disposals	-	(6,952)	(586)	-	-	(7,538)
Written off	-	-	-	-	(8)	(8)
Reclassification to investment properties (Note 17)	(84)	-	-	-	-	(84)
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	(284)	-	-	_	-	(284)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	24,641	168,139	21,086	-	17,203	231,069
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 11)	2,263	25,506	2,678	-	2,191	32,638
Disposals	-	(1,245)	(2,266)	-	(80)	(3,591)
Written off	-	(9,276)	-	-	(1,769)	(11,045)
Adjustment	(198)	(5,007)	(462)	-	(1,888)	(7,555)
At 31 March 2021	26,706	178,117	21,036	-	15,657	241,516
Net carrying amount						
At 31 March 2020	87,508	126,590	13,594	7,936	12,864	248,492
At 31 March 2021	89,473	155,556	12,160	57	10,019	267,265

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT cont'd

- Other assets comprise office equipment, furniture, fittings and office renovation.
- The details of the land and buildings are as follows:

	Freehold land	Long term leasehold land	Factory buildings	Building work in progress	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group					
Cost					
At 1 April 2019	1,971	1,332	99,016	-	102,319
Additions	-	-	11,056	-	11,056
Reclassification from land use rights	697	-	-	-	697
Reclassification to investment properties (Note 17)	-	(310)	(591)	-	(901)
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	-	(1,022)	_	_	(1,022)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	2,668	-	109,481	-	112,149
Additions	-	-	1,672	3,328	5,000
Adjustment	-	-	(970)	-	(970)
At 31 March 2021	2,668	-	110,183	3,328	116,179
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 April 2019	-	312	22,463	-	22,775
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	2,234	-	2,234
Reclassification to investment properties (Note 17)	_	(28)	(56)	-	(84)
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	-	(284)	-	-	(284)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	-	-	24,641	-	24,641
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	2,263	-	2,263
Adjustment	-	-	(198)	-	(198)
At 31 March 2021	-	-	26,706	-	26,706
Net carrying amount					
At 31 March 2020	2,668	-	84,840	-	87,508
At 31 March 2021	2,668	_	83,477	3,328	89,473

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT cont'd

	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Company			
Cost			
At 1 April 2019/31 March 2020/1 April 2020/31 March 2021	100	21	121
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 April 2019	62	21	83
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 11)	10	-	10
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	72	21	93
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 11)	10	-	10
At 31 March 2021	82	21	103
Net carrying amount			
At 31 March 2020	28	-	28
At 31 March 2021	18	-	18

Assets held under finance leases

The carrying amount of motor vehicle held under finance lease at the reporting date was RM Nil (2020: RM641,000).

Additions during the year

During the financial year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of RM52,146,000 (2020: RM89,562,000) by means of:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Additions during the financial year	52,146	89,562
(Utilisation)/placement of deposit paid to suppliers of property, plant and equipment	(3,092)	6,430
Increase in amount due to suppliers of property, plant and equipment	(2,540)	(16,494)
Total cash outflows on acquisition of property, plant and equipment	46,514	79,498

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT cont'd

Assets pledged as security

The factory buildings with carrying values of RM528,000 (2020: RM536,000) respectively are pledged to financial institutions for bank guarantee facilities and are subject to negative pledge in relation to banking facilities granted to the Group. As at reporting date of both current and prior year, the approved bank guarantee facilities are not utilised.

Assets held in trust

Motor vehicles with net carrying amount of RM6,228,000 (2020: RM7,373,000) are registered in the name of directors of the Company and directors of the Company's subsidiaries. These motor vehicles are held in trust on behalf of the Group.

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Freehold	Freehold	Freehold	Freehold	Freehold	Freehold	Long term leasehold		
land	land	Buildings	Total					
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000					
797	-	1,269	2,066					
-	-	1,599	1,599					
-	310	591	901					
797	310	3,459	4,566					
-	-	523	523					
-	-	32	32					
-	28	56	84					
-	28	611	639					
-	22	34	56					
-	50	645	695					
	797 -	Freehold land RM'000 RM'000 797	Freehold land land RM'000 leasehold land RM'000 Buildings RM'000 797 - 1,269 - - 1,599 - 310 591 797 310 3,459 - - 523 - - 32 - 28 56 - 28 611 - 22 34					

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES cont'd

	Freehold land	Long term leasehold land	Buildings	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group cont'd				
Impairment				
At 1 April 2019	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss (Note 11)	-	-	265	265
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	-	-	265	265
Reversal of impairment loss (Note 9)	-	-	(265)	(265)
At 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount				
At 31 March 2020	797	282	2,583	3,662
At 31 March 2021	797	260	2,814	3,871
Fair value				
At 31 March 2020	2,440	1,900	3,810	8,150
At 31 March 2021	4,200	1,930	4,890	11,020

The fair values of the investment properties were determined by independent professional valuers using the comparison and income method. The comparison method involves comparing and adopting recent transactions as a yardstick as well as using sales evidence involving other similar properties in the vicinity. The Group has assessed that the highest and best use of its properties does not differ from their current use. The income method involves making reference to estimated market rental values and equivalent yields.

The fair value of the investment properties was determined based on Level 2 and Level 3 valuation techniques of the fair value hierarchy.

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Leasehold Lands	Hostel Buildings	Forklift	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group				
Cost				
At 1 April 2019	-	-	-	-
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	19,189	4,787	464	24,440
Addition	10,691	1,674	-	12,365
At 31 March 2020	29,880	6,461	464	36,805
Addition	3,384	1,070	198	4,652
Reclassification	326	(326)	-	-
Derecognition	-	(822)	-	(822)
At 31 March 2021	33,590	6,383	662	40,635

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS cont'd

	Leasehold Lands	Hostel Buildings	Forklift	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group cont'd				
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 April 2019	-	-	-	-
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	5,105	-	-	5,105
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 11)	174	1,552	58	1,784
At 31 March 2020	5,279	1,552	58	6,889
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 11)	606	1,875	133	2,614
Reclassification	49	(49)	-	-
Derecognition	-	(624)	-	(624)
At 31 March 2021	5,934	2,754	191	8,879
Net carrying amount				
At 31 March 2020	24,601	4,909	406	29,916
At 31 March 2021	27,656	3,629	471	31,756

Additions during the year

During the financial year, the Group acquired right-of-use assets with an aggregate cost of RM4,652,000 (2020: RM12,365,000) by means of:

	G	roup
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Additions during the financial year	4,652	12,365
Recognition of additional lease liabilities (Note 31)	(1,268)	(1,349)
Utilisation of deposit paid for acquisition of leasehold land	(280)	(325)
Total cash outflows on acquisition of right-of-use assets	3,104	10,691

Assets pledged as security

The long term leasehold land with carrying values of RM3,669,000 (2020: RM3,757,000) respectively are pledged to financial institutions for bank guarantee facilities and are subject to negative pledge in relation to banking facilities granted to the Group. As at reporting date of both current and prior year, the approved bank guarantee facilities are not utilised.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

19. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

		Co	mpany
	Note	2021	2020
		RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted shares, at costs		294,914	290,914
Subscription of additional shares in a subsidiary	(b)	-	4,000
		294,914	294,914

(a) Details of the Group's subsidiaries are as follows:

Name	Country of incorporation/ Principal place of business	Principal activities	interest	vnership held by Group
			2021	2020
Held by the Company				
Syarikat Sin Kwang Plastic Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of plastic products	100%	100%
Goodhart Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of plastic products	100%	100%
Goodhart Land Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Letting of property and property holding	100%	100%
S.P.I. Plastic Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of plastic products	100%	100%
Plastictecnic (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of plastic products	100%	100%
Bangi Plastics Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of plastic products	100%	100%
Sun Tong Seng Mould-Tech Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacture, fabrication and sales of moulds	100%	100%
Goodhart Premier Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100%	100%
Goodhart World Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100%	100%
Held by S.P.I. Plastic Industries	(M) Sdn. Bhd.			
Sun Sparkle Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100%	100%
Tan Brothers Business Machines (Segamat) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Investment holding	100%	100%
Held by Goodhart Premier Sdn.	Bhd. and Goodhart	World Sdn. Bhd.		
SKP BM Electronics Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Manufacturing of electronic integrated circuits micro assemblies, consumer electronics and printed circuit boards	100%	100%

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'c

19. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES cont'd

(b) Subscription of additional shares in a subsidiaries

- (i) In prior year, the Company further subscribed for an additional 4,000,000 new ordinary shares in Goodhart Industries Sdn. Bhd. for a cash consideration of RM4,000,000. The proportion of ownership interests of Goodhart Industries Sdn. Bhd. held by the Company remain unchanged.
- (ii) In prior year, a subsidiary, Goodhart Premier Sdn. Bhd. acquired additional 1,750,000 ordinary shares (representing 25% equity interest) in SKP BM Electronics Sdn. Bhd. ("SKP BM") for a cash consideration of RM1,375,000 from a shareholder of SKP BM Electronics Sdn. Bhd.. As a result, the Group proportion of ownership increased from 75% to 100%. On the date of acquisition, the approximate fair value of the identifiable net liabilities acquired was RM13,000. The difference between the consideration and the approximate fair value of the identifiable net liabilities acquired of RM1,388,000 was reflected in equity as premium paid on acquisition of non-controlling interest.

20. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

		Group
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted shares, at costs	**	**
Share of post acquisition reserve	(**)	(**)
	-	_

^{**} Represents cost of investment amounted to RM49

(a) Details of the associate is as follows:

Name of company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	interes	nership st held ompany *	Accounting model applied
			2021	2020	
Held by Plastictecnic (M	1) Sdn. Berhad				
Tecnicware Products Sdn. Bhd. #	Malaysia	Manufacturing of plastic products	49	49	Equity method

^{*} equals to the proportion of voting rights held

(b) Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate is set out below.

(i) Summarised statement of financial position

		ware Products dn. Bhd.
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Current liabilities	(7)	(2)
Net liabilities	(7)	(2)

[#] The unaudited management financial statements as at 31 March 2021 of associate has been used for equity accounting purpose as the associate is not material and the financial statement of the associate is coterminous with those of the Group.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

20. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE cont'd

- (b) Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate is set out below. cont'd
 - (ii) Summarised statement of comprehensive income

		ware Products dn. Bhd.
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Loss before tax	(5)	(4)
Loss for the year	(5)	(4)

(iii) Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented above to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in an associate

	Sdn. Bhd.	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Net liabilities at 1 April	(2)	2
Loss for the year	(5)	(4)
Net liabilities at 31 March	(7)	(2)
Interest in an associate	49%	49%
Carrying value of Group's interest in an associate	(3)	(1)

Tecnicware Products

(iv) Unrecognised share of losses in an associate

		n. Bhd.
	2021	2021 2020
	RM'000	RM'000
The unrecognised share of loss in an associate **	(3)	(1)

^{**} Restricted to cost of investment

21. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Group		
Non-current		
Financial asset carried at amortised cost		
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	139	139
	139	139

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

21. OTHER INVESTMENTS cont'd

	2021	
	RM'000	
Group cont'd		
Current		
Fair value through profit or loss		
Investment in Malaysia:		
- Cash management fund	116,193	126,097
Financial asset carried at amortised cost		
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	28	28
	116,221	126,125
Total other investments	116,360	126,264
Company		
Current		
Fair value through profit or loss		
Investment in Malaysia:		
- Cash management fund	3,753	14,612

Investment in cash management fund are placed with licensed investment banks and asset management companies in Malaysia which are highly liquid and not readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

Financial asset carried at amortised cost consist of deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturity period of more than three months. The weighted average effective interest rate of fixed deposits with licensed banks of the Group at the reporting date was 2.01% (2020: 3.10%) per annum.

22. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSET

	Group	
2	2021	2020
RM	000	RM'000
Golf club membership	74	74

23. INVENTORIES

		Group
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Raw materials	129,535	104,522
Work-in-progress	17,505	14,110
Finished goods	74,458	45,506
Total inventories at the lower of cost and net realisable value	221,498	164,138

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

23. INVENTORIES cont'd

During the financial year, the following amounts were recognised as an expense in:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Cost of sales of the Group:		
- amount of inventories recognised as expense	1,698,121	1,472,942
- provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories (Note 11)	9,447	-
- inventories written down (Note 11)	469	57

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Trade receivables				
Third parties	323,904	335,390	-	-
Less: Allowance for impairment	(627)	(494)	-	-
Trade receivable, net	323,277	334,896	-	-
Other receivables				
Sundry receivables	3,707	4,059	-	-
Amount due from subsidiaries	-	-	14,425	1,395
Deposits paid to suppliers of property,				
plant and equipment	8,827	6,405	-	-
Advances	638	8,227	-	-
Sundry deposits	2,429	1,689	1	1
Goods and service tax ("GST") claimable	42	3,404	-	-
	15,643	23,784	14,426	1,396
Less: Allowance for impairment	(670)	-	-	
	14,973	23,784	14,426	1,396
Total trade and other receivables	338,250	358,680	14,426	1,396
Total trade and other receivables	338,250	358,680	14,426	1,396
Less: GST claimable	(42)	(3,404)	-	-
	338,208	355,276	14,426	1,396
Add: Fixed deposits with licensed banks (Note 21)	167	167	-	-
Add: Cash and bank balances (Note 27)	56,613	55,339	11,025	9,845
Total financial asset carried at amortised cost	394,988	410,782	25,451	11,241

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

contíd

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES cont'd

(a) Trade receivables

The receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 to 90 day (2020: 30 to 90 day) terms. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair value on initial recognition.

Ageing analysis of trade receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables is as follows:

		Group	
	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Neither past due nor impaired	308,964	308,574	
1 to 30 days past due not impaired	9,950	18,330	
31 to 60 days past due not impaired	2,769	6,421	
More than 61 days past due not impaired	1,594	1,571	
	14,313	26,322	
Impaired	627	494	
	323,904	335,390	

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group.

None of the Group's trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has trade receivables amounting to RM14,313,000 (2020: RM26,322,000) that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired. The directors are of the opinion that the receivables are collectible in view of long term business relationships with the customers. These receivables are unsecured in nature.

Receivables that are impaired

The Group's trade receivables that are impaired at the reporting date and the movement of the allowance for ECL used to record the impairment are as follows:

		Group	
	2021 RM'000	2020	
		RM'000	
Receivables - nominal amounts	627	494	
Less: Allowance for impairment	(627)	(494)	
	-	-	

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES cont'd

(a) Trade receivables cont'd

Receivables that are impaired cont'd

Movement in allowance accounts:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 April	494	603
Charge for the year (Note 11)	227	94
Written off	(94)	-
Reversal (Note 9)	-	(203)
At 31 March	627	494

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

(b) Other receivables

Receivables that are impaired

The Group's other receivables that are impaired at the reporting date and the movement of the allowance for ECL used to record the impairment are as follows:

		Group	
	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Receivables - nominal amounts	670	-	
Less: Allowance for impairment	(670)	_	
	-	-	

Movement in allowance accounts:

Group	
2021	2020
RM'000	
-	-
670	-
670	-

Other receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

(c) Amount due from subsidiaries

The amount due from subsidiaries is unsecured, interest free and repayment on demand.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

25. CONTRACT ASSETS

	Group	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Progress completion in respect of revenue derived from moulding and		
modification works recognised over time	1,773	_

26. PREPAYMENTS

		Group	
	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Prepaid operating expenses	10,414	8,743	

27. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash at banks and on hand,representing total				
cash and cash equivalents (Note 24)	56,613	55,339	11,025	9,845

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Included in cash at banks amounting to RM10,026,000 (2020: RM9,795,000) is share buy back account designated for the purpose of share buy back.

28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Trade payables				
Third parties	247,864	299,811	_	-
Other payables				
Due to suppliers of property, plant and equipment	2,540	15,033	-	-
Sundry payables	29,253	27,569	65	260
Deposits received	369	48	-	-
Accrued operating expenses	8,694	7,013	228	-
Sales tax payables	177	-	-	-
	41,033	49,663	293	260
Total trade and other payables	288,897	349,474	293	260
Add: Borrowing (Note 30)	-	175	-	-
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	288,897	349,649	293	260

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES cont'd

(a) Trade payables

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled on 30 to 60 day (2020: 30 to 60 day) terms.

(b) Other payables

Other payables are non-interest bearing and normally settled on 30 to 60 day (2020: 30 to 60 day) terms.

29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	Group	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Advances billing in respect of revenue derived from moulding and modification		
works recognised at point in time	6,342	5,257

30. BORROWING

	G	iroup
	2021	2020 RM'000
	RM'000	
Current		
Secured:		
Obligation under finance lease (Note 39(a))	-	106
Non-current		
Secured:		
Obligation under finance lease (Note 39(a))	-	69
Total borrowing	-	175

The remaining maturity of the borrowing as at reporting dates is as follows:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
On demand or within one year	-	175

Obligation under finance lease

The discount rate implicit in the lease is Nil % (2020: 2.6%) per annum.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

31. LEASE LIABILITIES

	G	Group	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Current liability			
Lease liabilities	2,038	1,820	
Non-current liability			
Lease liabilities	2,169	3,300	
Total lease liabilities	4,207	5,120	

The movement of lease liabilities during the financial year are as follows:

	G	iroup
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 April	5,120	-
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	-	5,251
Accretion of interest	210	212
Additions	1,268	1,349
Derecognition	(229)	-
Payments		
- principal	(1,952)	(1,480)
- interest	(210)	(212)
At 31 March	4,207	5,120

32. PROVISIONS

		Unutilised					
	_	annual	Price	Transportation			
	Bonus	leave	variance	charges	Utilities	Others	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group							
At 1 April 2019	2,773	1,176	2,903	2,832	300	623	10,607
Utilised	(10,661)	(150)	(1,296)	(2,832)	(300)	(295)	(15,534)
Reversal of							
overprovision	(445)	(45)	-	-	-	-	(490)
Provision made	11,401	602	5,368	1,356	172	403	19,302
At 31 March 2020/							
At 1 April 2020	3,068	1,583	6,975	1,356	172	731	13,885
Utilised	(9,263)	(199)	-	(1,355)	(172)	(706)	(11,695)
Reversal of							
overprovision	(2,387)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,387)
Provision made	11,988	733	8,621	2,315	-	250	23,907
At 31 March 2021	3,406	2,117	15,596	2,316	-	275	23,710

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

33. DEFERRED TAX

	G	roup
	2021	2020 RM'000
	RM'000	
At 1 April	15,220	17,103
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 14)	(2,139)	(1,883)
At 31 March	13,081	15,220
Presented after appropriate offsetting as follows:		
Deferred tax liabilities	13,973	17,488
Deferred tax assets	(892)	(2,268)
	13,081	15,220

The components and movements of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets during the financial year are as follows:

	At 1 April 2020 RM'000	Recognised in profit or loss (Note 14) RM'000	At 31 March 2021 RM'000
Deferred tax liabilities of the Group:			
Subject to income tax rate:			
Accelerated capital allowances	24,145	2,904	27,049
	24,145	2,904	27,049
Offsetting	(6,657)	(6,419)	(13,076)
	17,488	(3,515)	13,973
Deferred tax assets of the Group:			
Subject to income tax rate:			
Unutilised business losses	(1,680)	14	(1,666)
Unabsorbed capital allowances	(2,634)	569	(2,065)
Unutilised reinvestment allowances	(499)	(835)	(1,334)
Other deductible temporary differences	(4,112)	(4,791)	(8,903)
	(8,925)	(5,043)	(13,968)
Offsetting	6,657	6,419	13,076
	(2,268)	1,376	(892)
	15,220	(2,139)	13,081

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

33. **DEFERRED TAX** cont'd

	At 1 April 2019 RM'000	Recognised in profit or loss (Note 14) RM'000	At 31 March 2020 RM'000
Deferred tax liabilities of the Group:			
Subject to income tax rate:			
Accelerated capital allowances	20,020	4,125	24,145
	20,020	4,125	24,145
Offsetting	(2,917)	(3,740)	(6,657)
	17,103	385	17,488
Deferred tax assets of the Group:			
Subject to income tax rate:			
Unutilised business losses	-	(1,680)	(1,680)
Unabsorbed capital allowances	-	(2,634)	(2,634)
Unutilised reinvestment allowances	(517)	18	(499)
Other deductible temporary differences	(2,400)	(1,712)	(4,112)
	(2,917)	(6,008)	(8,925)
Offsetting	2,917	3,740	6,657
	-	(2,268)	(2,268)
	17,103	(1,883)	15,220

34. SHARE CAPITAL AND TREASURY SHARES

(a) Share capital

		Number of ordinary shares		Amount	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	'000	'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Group and Company					
Issued and fully paid	1,250,188	1,250,188	296,126	296,126	

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restrictions and rank equally with regard to the Company residual assets.

There were no new ordinary shares issued during the financial year. The ordinary shares issued ranked pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

34. SHARE CAPITAL AND TREASURY SHARES cont'd

(b) Treasury shares

	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 April	208	-
Treasury shares from share buy back	-	208
At 31 March	208	208

As at 31 March 2021, the Company held as treasury shares at total of 300,000 of its 1,250,188,549 issued ordinary shares. Such treasury shares are held at a carrying amount of RM208,000.

35. MERGER DEFICIT

The merger deficit relating to the business combination involving entities under common control is accounted for by applying the pooling of interest method. The difference between the consideration paid and the share capital and reserves of the subsidiaries acquired is reflected as a merger deficit.

36. RETAINED EARNINGS

The Company can distribute dividends out of its entire retained earnings as at 31 March 2021 under the single-tier system.

37. DIVIDENDS

	Group and Compar	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Recognised during the financial year		
Dividends on ordinary shares:		
- Final single-tier dividend for 2019: 3.840 sen per share	-	48,007
- Final single-tier dividend for 2020: 2.930 sen per share	36,622	-
	36,622	48,007

On 25 August 2021, the directors have approved a final single-tier dividend in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2021 amounting to a dividend payable of approximately RM66,713,000 (4.27 sen per ordinary share for 1,562,360,337 shares which excluded 375,000 treasury shares), payable on 29 October 2021. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this dividend. Such dividend will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 March 2022.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'o

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Sales and purchase of goods and services

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant transactions between the Group and related parties took place at terms agreed between the parties during the financial year.

The related party with which the Group has had transactions during the financial year are as follows:

	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Expenses/(income)		
Group		
Transactions with related parties:		
Rental expense to spouse of a director (i)	-	60
Rental expense to a company controlled by certain directors	1,332	1,080
Rental income from a company controlled by close family member of certain directors	(57)	(75)
Company		
Gross dividend income from subsidiaries	(40,300)	(48,700)
Advance given to subsidiaries	(13,030)	_

Deseased in prior year and the beneficiary interest is transferred to an executor of the estate who is a director of the Company.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel ("KMP") are persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly. The remuneration of directors, representing the sole members of key management during the year were as disclosed in Note 13.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

39. COMMITMENTS

(a) Finance lease commitment

The Group entered into hire purchase agreement for a motor vehicle.

Future minimum lease payments under finance lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments are as follows:

	G	iroup
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Minimum lease payments:		
Not later than 1 year	-	113
Later than 1 year but not later than 2 years	-	85
Total minimum lease payments	-	198
Less: Amounts representing finance charges	-	(23)
Present value of minimum lease payments	-	175
Present value of payments:		
Not later than 1 year	-	106
Later than 1 year but not later than 2 years	-	69
Present value of minimum lease payments	-	175
Less: Amount due within 12 months (Note 30)	-	(106)
Amount due after 12 months (Note 30)	-	69

(b) Capital commitments

Authorised capital expenditures not provided for in the financial statement are as follows:

		Group
	2021	2020 RM'000
	RM'000	
Property, plant and equipment:		
Approved and contracted for	25,763	11,612
Approved but not contracted for	1,068	140
	26,831	11,752
·		

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

40. FAIR VALUE

(a) Determination of fair value

Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value:

	Note
Other investments (current and non-current)	21
Trade and other receivables	24
Cash and bank balances	27
Trade and other payables	28
Borrowing	30

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the reporting date.

(b) Fair value hierarchy

As at reporting date, the Group and the Company held the following assets that are measured or information is disclosed at fair value:

	Group Fair value measurement using			
	Quoted prices in active market Level 1	es in Significant observable arket inputs	Significant unobservable inputs Level 3	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 31 March 2021				
Assets measured at fair value:				
Investment in cash management fund	-	116,193		116,193
Assets for which fair value information is disclosed:				
Investment properties	-	9,420	1,600	11,020

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

40. FAIR VALUE cont'd

(b) Fair value hierarchy cont'd

		Gro	oup	
		Fair value mea	surement using	
	Quoted prices in active market Level 1	Significant observable inputs Level 2	Significant unobservable inputs Level 3	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 31 March 2020				
Assets measured at fair value:				
Investment in cash management fund	-	126,097	-	126,097
Assets for which fair value information is disclosed:				
Investment properties	-	8,150	-	8,150
		Com	pany	
		Fair value mea	surement using	
	Quoted prices in active market Level 1	Significant observable inputs Level 2	Significant unobservable inputs Level 3	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 31 March 2021				
Assets measured at fair value:				
Investment in cash management fund	_	3,753		3,753
At 31 March 2020				
Assets measured at fair value:				
Investment in cash management fund				

The Group classifies fair value measurement using the fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

No transfers between any levels of the fair value hierarchy took place during the reporting period. There was also no changes in the purpose of any financial assets that subsequently resulted in a different classification of that asset.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'c

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency risk.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies and procedures for the management of these risks. The audit committee provides independent oversight to the effectiveness of the risk management process.

It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Group's policy that no derivatives shall be undertaken except for the use as hedging instruments where appropriate and cost-efficient. The Group does not apply hedge accounting.

The following sections provide details regarding the Group's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables. For other financial assets (including other investments and cash and bank balances), the Group minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Group's objective is to seek continual revenue growth while minimising losses incurred due to increased credit risk exposure. The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

Exposure to credit risk

At the reporting date, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position.

Corporate guarantees

As at 31 March 2021, the Company has corporate guarantees with a nominal amount of RM218,176,000 (2020: RM218,176,000) provided to licensed banks in respect of secured banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, the mentioned banking facilities remained unutilised by the subsidiaries. As at reporting date, the Company has not recognised any financial liability relating to the corporate guarantees given to the subsidiaries as there is no drawdown of the banking facilities by the subsidiaries.

As at 31 March 2021, the Company has corporate guarantees with a nominal amount of RM4,000,000 (2020: RM4,000,000) provided to a supplier as security for purchases of goods by a subsidiary. As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, the Company has not recognised any financial liability relating to the corporate guarantees given to the subsidiary as the subsidiary did not default on any payment to the supplier.

Credit risk concentration profile

At the reporting date, the Group has significant concentration of credit risk that may arise from 1 (2020: 1) customer who accounted for 76% (2020: 78%) of total trade receivables. The directors believe that this will not create significant credit risk for the Group in view of the length of relationship with this customer and the Group works closely with the customer to provide customer satisfaction through timely delivery and the provision of high quality products and services at competitive cost.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES cont'd

(a) Credit risk cont'd

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Information regarding trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired is disclosed in Note 24(a).

Deposits with licensed banks that are neither past due nor impaired are placed with or entered into with reputable financial institutions with high credit ratings and no history of default.

Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

Information regarding financial assets that are either past due or impaired is disclosed in Note 24(a).

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of stand-by credit facilities.

The Group manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met. As part of its overall liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible investments to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group strives to maintain available banking facilities of a reasonable level to its overall debt position. As far as possible, the Group raises committed funding from financial institutions and balances its portfolio with some short term funding so as to achieve overall cost effectiveness.

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

	On demand or within	One to	
	one year	five years	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group			
At 31 March 2021			
Financial liabilities:			
Trade and other payables	288,897	-	288,897
Lease liabilities	2,180	2,252	4,432
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	291,077	2,252	293,329
At 31 March 2020			
Financial liabilities:			
Trade and other payables	349,474	-	349,474
Borrowing	113	85	198
Lease liabilities	2,005	3,484	5,489
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	351,592	3,569	355,161

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES cont'd

(b) Liquidity risk cont'd

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities cont'd

	On demand or within one year	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Company		
Financial liability:		
Trade and other payables, representing total financial liability	293	260

(c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group is exposed to transactional currency risk primarily respective through sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollars ("USD"), Singapore Dollars ("SGD"), Japanese Yen ("JPY"), Great Britain Pound ("GBP"), Euro ("EUR"), Thailand Baht ("THB") and Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"). Such transactions are kept to an acceptable level.

The net unhedged financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group as at 31 March 2021 and 2020 that are not denominated in their functional currencies are as follows:

Net financial assets/(liabilities) held in non-functional currencies

	2021	2020
Group	RM'000	RM'000
USD	(55,231)	(54,928)
SGD	296	(27)
JPY	(23)	(21)
GBP	(6)	-
EUR	(178)	(3,748)
THB	(8)	-
RMB	(3,842)	(5,984)
	(58,992)	(64,708)

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES cont'd

(c) Foreign currency risk cont'd

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit before tax to a reasonably possible change in the USD, EUR and RMB exchange rates at the reporting date against the functional currency of the Group, assuming all other variables held constant.

	(Decrease)/Increase in profit before tax		
	2021	2020	
Group	RM'000	RM'000	
USD strengthened by 10%	(5,523)	(5,493)	
USD weakened by 10%	5,523	5,493	
EUR strengthened by 10%	(18)	(375)	
EUR weakened by 10%	18	375	
RMB strengthened by 10%	(384)	(598)	
RMB weakened by 10%	384	598	

42. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The main objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratio in order to support its business operations and maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital. The Group includes within net debt, trade and other payables, less cash and bank balances and cash management fund. Capital includes equity attributable to equity holders of the Company.

			G	roup
		Note	2021	2020
			RM'000	RM'000
Borrow	ving	30	-	175
Trade a	and other payables	28	288,897	349,474
Less:	Cash management fund	21	(116,193)	(126,097)
	Cash and bank balances	27	(56,613)	(55,339)
Net de	bt		116,091	168,213
	attributable to equity holders of the Company,		707,831	611,210
Терге	esenting total capital		707,001	011,210
Capita	and net debt		823,922	779,423
Gearin	ng ratio		14%	22%

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'd

43. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Company who regularly reviews the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance.

The Group has identifed sale of goods as the sole reportable operating segment.

Information on a major customer

Revenue from 1 major customer amounted to RM1,813,612,000 (2020: RM1,394,447,000), arising from sales of plastic products segment.

Geographical Segmental Information

The Group principally operates in Malaysia and sells its good in Malaysia. Geographically, the main business segments of the Group are concentrated in Malaysia and the Group deals with mainly local customers. Accordingly, no separate geographical segment information is presented.

	Sales of goods	Other segments	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2021			
Revenue			
External revenue	2,220,486	30,696	2,251,182
Income/(Expenses)			
Amount of inventories recognised as expense	(1,687,405)	(10,716)	(1,698,121)
Depreciation and amortisation	(33,605)	(1,703)	(35,308)
Employee benefits expenses	(192,228)	(8,233)	(200,461)
Segment profit	163,175	8,147	171,322
Segment assets	1,003,082	45,684	1,048,766
Segment liabilities	327,400	13,535	340,935

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

43. SEGMENT INFORMATION cont'd

Geographical Segmental Information cont'd

	Sales of	Other non- reportable	
	goods	segments	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2020			
Revenue			
External revenue	1,793,444	33,289	1,826,733
Income/(Expenses)			
Amount of inventories recognised as expense	(1,453,106)	(19,836)	(1,472,942)
Depreciation and amortisation	(26,693)	(1,715)	(28,408)
Employee benefits expenses	(183,850)	(8,667)	(192,517)
Segment profit	94,935	1,193	96,128
Segment assets	959,797	42,812	1,002,609
Segment liabilities	378,615	12,784	391,399

44. EFFECT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC

In March 2020, the World Health Organisation has officially announced the outbreak of Covid-19 as a global pandemic. In order to combat the spread of Covid-19, the government of Malaysia had implemented various extent of travel restriction and other precautionary measures as a respond to mitigate rapid escalation of Covid-19 cases locally and globally.

The directors have assessed the overall impact of this situation towards the Group's operations, financial performance and cash flows and concluded that currently, there is no material adverse effect on the Group's financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 other than temporary shutdown of the manufacturing operations in Johor Bahru for 2 weeks commencing from 16 January 2021 till 29 January 2021 in order to comply to the health precautionary measure introduced by Government of Malaysia.

The directors expects the robust demand to continue in upcoming financial years. During the Covid-19 period, the Group implemented a series of preventative measures in place to ensure the safety of employees. The Group is actively monitoring and managing its operations to minimise any potential business risk.

45. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(a) Additional acquisition of equity interest in its associate company

On 4 May 2021, the Company announced that its wholly-owned subsidiary, Plastictecnic (M) Sdn. Bhd. had on 4 May 2021 acquired an additional 51% equity interest in its associate company, Tecnicware Products Sdn. Bhd. ("TPSB") comprising 51 ordinary shares in TPSB for a total cash consideration of RM51. Upon completion of the Acquisition, TPSB became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

cont'd

45. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD cont'd

(b) Issuance of bonus issue of shares and free warrants

The Proposed Bonus Issue of Shares and Proposed Free Warrants Issue were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 7 April 2021.

On 8 April 2021, the Company announced that the exercise price for the Warrants B has been fixed at RM3.00 per Warrant B, representing a premium of RM1.1237 or approximately 59.89% to the theoretical ex-bonus price of SKP Resources Bhd ("SKP") Shares of RM1.8763 calculated based on the five (5) day Volume Weighted Average Share Price ("VWAP") of SKP Shares up to and including 7 April 2021, being the last market day immediately preceding the price-fixing date, of RM2.3454 per SKP Share.

The issuance of 312,546,788 Bonus Shares on the basis of one (1) Bonus Share for every four (4) shares were listed and quoted on the Main Market of Bursa Securities on 23 April 2021, marking the completion of the Bonus Issue of Shares.

The Free Warrants of 249,977,463 on the basis of one (1) Free Warrant B for every five (5) shares has been completed on 4 May 2021 following the admission of the Warrants B to the Official List of Bursa Securities and the listing and quotation of Warrants B on the Main Market of Bursa Securities.

46. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR ISSUE

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 25 August 2021.

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 30 JULY 2021

SHARE CAPITAL

Total Number of Issued Shares : 1,562,735,337 ordinary shares (including 375,000 treasury shares)

Class of securities : Ordinary shares

Voting Rights : One vote per ordinary share held

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Size of Holdings	Number of Shareholders	%	Number of Shares Held	%
Less than 100	486	6.74	21,527	0.00
100 – 1,000	612	8.49	331,428	0.02
1,001 – 10,000	3,604	49.97	15,280,441	0.98
10,001 - 100,000	1,917	26.58	55,804,886	3.57
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	590	8.18	1,024,333,795	65.56
5% and above of issued shares	3	0.04	466,588,260	29.86
Total	7,212	100.00	1,562,360,337	100.00

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

as per Register of Directors' Shareholdings as at 30 July 2021

		Direct	Direct interest		
No.	Name	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
1.	Dato' Gan Kim Huat	69,856,647	4.47	555,511,034 ¹	35.56 ¹
2.	Gan Poh San	78,118,000	5.00	255,569,4742	16.36 ²
3.	Koh Chin Koon	0	0.00	0	0.00
4.	Koh Song Heng	0	0.00	0	0.00
5.	Anita Chew Cheng Im	0	0.00	0	0.00
6.	Goh Kah Im	0	0.00	0	0.00

Notes:

- 1. Deemed interested in the shares held by Renown Million Sdn. Bhd., Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd., Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd. and Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd., pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016 and shareholding held by his sons.
- 2. Deemed interested in the shares held by Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd. and Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd., in accordance with Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016.
- 3. Excluding a total of 375,000 ordinary shares bought-back by the Company and retained as treasury shares as at 30 July 2021.

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 30 JULY 2021 cont'd

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' SHAREHOLDINGS

as per Register of Substantial Shareholders' Shareholdings as at 30 July 2021

Name	Direct	% ³	Indirect	% ³
Beyond Imagination Sdn Bhd	225,302,550	14.42	-	-
Kumpulan Wang Persaraan (Diperbadankan)	115,112,875	7.37	37,642,225	2.41
Employees Provident Fund Board	89,558,675	5.732	-	-
Dato' Gan Kim Huat	69,856,647	4.47	555,511,034 ¹	35.56 ¹
Gan Poh San	78,118,000	5.00	255,569,4742	16.36 ²
Renown Million Sdn. Bhd.	127,212,435	8.14	-	-
Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd.	94,337,375	6.04	-	-

Notes:

- 1. Deemed interested in the shares held by Renown Million Sdn. Bhd., Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd., Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd. and Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd., pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016 and shareholding held by his sons.
- 2. Deemed interested in the shares held by Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd. and Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd., in accordance with Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016.
- 3. Excluding a total of 375,000 ordinary shares bought-back by the Company and retained as treasury shares as at 30 July 2021.

THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

As per Record of Depositors as at 30 July 2021

No	Name of Shareholders	No of Shares Held	%
1	Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd.	225,302,550	14.42
2	Renown Million Sdn. Bhd.	127,212,435	8.14
3	Kumpulan Wang Persaraan (Diperbadankan)	114,073,275	7.30
4	Gan Poh San	78,118,000	5.00
5	Dato' Gan Kim Huat	69,856,647	4.47
6	Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd.	51,551,000	3.30
7	Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd.	42,786,375	2.74
8	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Employees Provident Fund Board (Nomura)	42,227,375	2.70
9	Lembaga Tabung Haji	22,325,625	1.43
10	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad Public Islamic Opportunities Fund	21,963,375	1.41
11	Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd.	18,732,442	1.20
12	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Employees Provident Fund Board (AsianIslamic)	16,508,325	1.06
13	Cartaban Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd PBTB for Takafulink Dana Ekuiti	15,913,125	1.02

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 30 JULY 2021 cont'd

THIRTY (30) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (cont'd)

As per Record of Depositors as at 30 July 2021

No	Name of Shareholders	No of Shares Held	%
14	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad - Kenanga Growth Fund	14,965,975	0.96
15	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Allianz Life Insurance Malaysia Berhad (MEF)	13,414,475	0.86
16	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad Public Islamic Select Treasures Fund	12,271,250	0.79
17	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Kumpulan Wang Persaraan (Diperbadankan) (Kenanga)	12,135,075	0.78
18	Zenith Highlight Sdn Bhd	11,534,482	0.74
19	Cartaban Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt AN for State Street Bank & Trust Company (West CLT OD67)	11,262,525	0.72
20	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad Public Islamic Treasures Growth Fund	10,058,625	0.64
21	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Manulife Investment Shariah Progress Fund	9,845,825	0.63
22	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad Public Strategic Smallcap Fund	9,714,375	0.62
23	Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt AN for Citibank New York (Norges Bank 19)	9,493,800	0.61
24	Cartaban Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd PAMB for Prulink Equity Fund	8,995,000	0.58
25	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad for Hong Leong AssuranceBerhad (PAR-220082)	8,891,250	0.57
26	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Kumpulan Wang Persaraan (Diperbadankan) (Nomura)	8,743,250	0.56
27	Cartaban Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd PAMB for Prulink Dana Unggul	8,726,875	0.56
28	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad for Kenanga Shariah Growth Opportunities Fund (50156 TR01)	8,650,925	0.55
29	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Pertubuhan Keselamatan Sosial (AFF HWG6939-403)	8,497,375	0.54
30	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Great Eastern Life Assurance (Malaysia) Berhad (LSF)	8,395,875	0.54

ANALYSIS OF WARRANT HOLDINGS

AS AT 30 JULY 2021

WARRANTS B

Issued Size : 249,977.463 Warrants B (2021/2026)

Number of Warrant Holders : 7,198

DISTRIBUTION OF WARRANTS HOLDINGS

	Number of	24	Number of	0/
Size of Warrants Holdings	Warrants Holders	%	Warrants Held	%
Less than 100	541	7.52	17,507	0.00
100 – 1,000	2,515	34.94	1,239,548	0.50
1,001 – 10,000	2,484	34.51	10,045,585	4.02
10,001 – 100,000	1,397	19.41	50,268,365	20.11
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	258	3.58	119,505,181	47.81
5% and above of issued shares	3	0.04	68,901,277	27.56
Total	7,198	100.00	249,977,463	100.00

DIRECTORS' WARRANTS HOLDINGS

as per Register of Directors' Warrant Holdings as at 30 July 2021

		Direct in	Deemed interest		
No.	Name	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
1.	Dato' Gan Kim Huat	11,177,063	4.47	88,881,7641	35.56 ¹
2.	Gan Poh San	12,498,000	5.00	40,891,1152	16.36 ²
3.	Koh Chin Koon	0	0.00	0	0.00
4.	Koh Song Heng	0	0.00	0	0.00
5.	Anita Chew Cheng Im	0	0.00	0	0.00
6.	Goh Kah Im	0	0.00	0	0.00

Notes:

- 1. Deemed interested in the shares held by Renown Million Sdn. Bhd., Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd., Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd. and Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd., pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016 and shareholding held by his sons.
- 2. Deemed interested in the shares held by Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd. and Zenith Highlight Sdn. Bhd., in accordance with Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016.

ANALYSIS OF WARRANT HOLDINGS

AS AT 30 JULY 2021 cont'd

THIRTY (30) LARGEST WARRANT HOLDERS

As per Record of Depositors as at 30 July 2021

No	Name of Warrants Holders	No of Warrants Held	%
1	Beyond Imagination Sdn. Bhd.	36,048,408	14.42
2	Renown Million Sdn. Bhd.	20,353,989	8.14
3	Gan Poh San	12,498,880	5.00
4	Dato' Gan Kim Huat	11,177,063	4.47
5	Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd.	8,248,160	3.30
6	Graceful Assessment Sdn. Bhd.	6,845,820	2.74
7	Kumpulan Wang Persaraan (Diperbadankan)	4,744,760	1.90
8	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad Public Islamic Opportunities Fund	3,514,140	1.41
9	Zenith Highlight Sdn Bhd	2,997,190	1.20
10	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad Public Islamic Select Treasures Fund	1,945,880	0.78
11	Hor Kok Wah	1,931,300	0.77
12	Boh Min Chek	1,859,200	0.74
13	Zenith Highlight Sdn Bhd	1,845,517	0.74
14	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad Public Islamic Treasures Growth Fund	1,494,180	0.60
15	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad for Hong Leong AssuranceBerhad (PAR-220082)	1,422,600	0.57
16	Citigroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Great Eastern Life Assurance (Malaysia) Berhad (LSF)	1,343,340	0.54
17	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Allianz Life Insurance Malaysia Berhad (MEF)	1,299,100	0.52
18	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Allianz Life Insurance Malaysia Berhad (P)	1,207,660	0.48
19	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Manulife Insurance Berhad (Equity Fund)	1,179,760	0.47
20	Low Yoke Chen	1,009,000	0.40
21	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Tan Chong How (MY2416)	1,005,100	0.40
22	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Karich Sdn Bhd	1,000,000	0.40

ANALYSIS OF WARRANT HOLDINGS

AS AT 30 JULY 2021

cont'd

No	Name of Warrants Holders	No of Warrants Held	%
23	Sujatha A/P Santhi Niketan	1,000,000	0.40
24	Chew Ah Chay	950,000	0.38
25	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd National Trust Fund (IFM Maybank) (412183)	948,380	0.38
26	Khoo Lee Hiang	900,000	0.36
27	HSBC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd HSBC (M) Trustee Bhd for Singular Value Fund	868,860	0.35
28	Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd CBNY for Emerging Market Core Equity Portfolio DFA Investment Dimensions Group INC	852,179	0.34
29	Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Rakuten Trade Sdn Bhd for Ng Chin Hoe	800,000	0.32
30	SJ Sec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Michael Lee Fook Soon (SMT)	800,000	0.32

ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

1. UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS

There were no proceeds raised from any corporate proposals during the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

2. AUDIT AND NON-AUDIT FEES

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021, Ernst & Young PLT, the External Auditors has rendered audit and non-audit services to the Company and Group. A breakdown of fees paid or payable to the External Auditors are listed as below:-

	GROUP	COMPANY
	(RM)	(RM)
Audit services rendered	308,000	50,000
Non-audit services rendered	5,000	5,000

3. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

There was no material contract entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business) involving the interests of Directors, chief executive who is not a director or major shareholders either still subsisting at the end of the financial year or, if not then subsisting, entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

Registered / Beneficial Owner	Location of Property	Description of Property	Tenure/Age of building (years)	Date of Acquisition	Total Land Area (Acres)	Total Built Up Area (Sq. ft.)	NBV 31/3/2021 (RM'000)
Syarikat Sin Kwang Plastic Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Lot PTD 2492 Mukim Simpang Kanan Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Freehold/ 11-40 year	3/8/1994	2.94	80,000	8,655
	Lot 4021 GM172 Mukim Simpang Kanan (V) Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Private resident for staff accommodation	Freehold/ 35 years	19/1/1998	0.22	7,982	175
	No. 6, Jalan Teknologi 5 Taman Teknologi Johor 81400 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2066/16 years	1/10/2004	5.45	176,000	10,974
	PN 39897 Lot 75069 Mukim Kulai, Kulai Jaya Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2066/6 years	28/3/2014	4.999 (2.023 Hectare)	126,000	37,915
	H.S. (D) 50238 PTD 87658 Mukim of Kulai District of Kulaijaya Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2068/13 years	22/11/2019	2.155 (0.8722 Hectare)	5,478	15,075
Goodhart Land Sdn. Bhd.	Geran 233307 Lot PTD 18133 Daerah Petaling Mukim Pekan Kinrara Selangor Darul Ehsan	Industrial land and building	Freehold/ 23 years	20/1/1997	0.17	3,480	471
	Greran 60042 Lot PTD 23496 Mukim Simpang Kanan Daerah of Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Freehold/ 26 years	13/12/1994	4.31	99,869	2,136
	Geran 233305 Lot PTD 18135 Daerah Petaling Mukim Pekan Kinrara Selangor Darul Ehsan	Industrial land and building	Freehold/ 23 years	14/9/1994	0.17	3,480	469
	HS(D) 6731 Lot PTD 1124 Mukim Linau Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2037/31 years	8/5/1996	0.50	12,000	39
	HS(D) 16496 Lot PTD 1994 Mukim Linau Daerah of Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2042/22 years	8/5/1996	0.88	23,200	474

PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

cont'd

Registered / Beneficial Owner	Location of Property	Description of Property	Tenure/Age of building (years)	Date of Acquisition	Total Land Area (Acres)	Total Built Up Area (Sq. ft.)	NBV 31/3/2021 (RM'000)
Goodhart Industries Sdn. Bhd.	GRN 44655 Lot 39702 No. 6 & 8, Jalan Wawasan 9 Kws. Perindustrian Sri Gading 83300 Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Freehold/ 20 years	18/9/2000	2.00	78,675	3,609
	HS(D) 38503 PTD 33275 No. 33, Jalan Damai Utama Taman Industri Damai Plus 83000 Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Freehold/ 22 years	1/6/1999	0.10	6,048	550
	HSD 38424 PTD 35117 No. 10, Jalan Wawasan 9 Kws. Perindustrian Sri Gading 83300 Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2058/19 years	1/8/2000	1.00	30,800	1,008
	HS(D) No. 38417 PTD 35118 Mukim Simpang Kanan Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial Land	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2058	10/6/2019	1.00	-	1,813
S.P.I. Plastic ndustries (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Lot PTD 1325 Mukim Linau Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2039/42 years	12/1/1980	0.50	11,760	422
	Lot PTD 1172 Mukim Linau Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2038/29 years	31/12/1992	0.50	10,560	444
	Lot PTD 1494 Mukim Linau Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land and building	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2039/25 years	30/3/1996	2.00	54,786	2,243
	Lot PTD35114 & 35086 Mukim Simpang Kanan Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial building	20 years	28/2/2001	-	57,200	2,308
	8, Jalan Putera Indah 2/5 Taman Putera Indah Tongkang Pecah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Single storey terrace house	Freehold/ 20 years	14/11/2011	0.04	1,500	93
	8, Jalan Putera Indah 1/3 Taman Putera Indah Tongkang Pecah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Single storey terrace house	Freehold/ 20 years	12/3/2014	0.04	1,500	148

PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

Registered / Beneficial Owner	Location of Property	Description of Property	Tenure/Age of building (years)	Date of Acquisition	Total Land Area (Acres)	Total Built Up Area (Sq. ft.)	NBV 31/3/2021 (RM'000)
S.P.I. Plastic Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd. (cont'd)	PTD 3333 HS(M) 1534 & PTD 3334 HS(M) 1535 Mukim Linau Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Dwelling house and land	Freehold/ 13 years	1/11/2016	0.19	4,126	417
	No. 11, Jalan Bayam Taman Anggerik 83010 Tongkang Pecah Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Single storey terrace house	Freehold/ 45 years	15/1/2021	0.04	1,640	242
	No. 6, Jalan Lobak Taman Anggerik 83010 Tongkang Pecah Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Single storey terrace house	Freehold/ 45 years	15/1/2021	0.04	1,540	226
Sun Sparkle Sdn. Bhd.	Lot PTD 35114 Mukim Simpang Kanan Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2058	30/5/2000	1.00	-	161
Tan Brothers Business Machines (Segamat) Sdn. Bhd.	Lot PTD 35086 Mukim Simpang Kanan Daerah Batu Pahat Johor Darul Takzim	Industrial land	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2057	30/5/2000	1.00	-	161
Plastictecnic (M) Sdn. Bhd.	PT No. 11438 HS(M) 9609 Mukim of Kajang District of Kajang Selangor Darul Ehsan	3-storey office factory annexe with an adjoining single warehouse/ factory	Leasehold for 99 years expiring 2086/35 years	31/12/1993	2.43	57,776	5,827
	PT No. 11500 HS (M) 9669 Mukim of Kajang District of Ulu Langat Selangor Darul Ehsan	Semi-attached factory with a mezzanine office annexe	Leasehold for 99 years expiring 2086/32 years	3/5/1994	0.24	5,886	804
	No. 407, Blok 7 Jalan 6C/11 Bandar Baru Bangi 43650 Bandar Baru Bangi	Medium cost apartment	Leasehold for 99 years expiring 2095/25 year	22/11/2018	N/A	667	112

PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

cont'd

Registered / Beneficial Owner	Location of Property	Description of Property	Tenure/Age of building (years)	Date of Acquisition	Total Land Area (Acres)	Total Built Up Area (Sq. ft.)	NBV 31/3/2021 (RM'000)
Bangi Plastics Sdn. Bhd.	PT No 1804 HS (D) 70319 Kawasan Perusahaan Nilai Mukim of Setul Negeri Sembilan	2 blocks of single storey factory lot	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2051/23 years	17/4/1995	5.00	67,940	5,792
	P.N.No. 9560 Lot 784, Jln. Lengkok Emas Kawasan Perindustrian Nilai 71800 Nilai Negeri Sembilan	2 blocks of single storey factory lot	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2051/12 years	1/10/2008	5.00	115,284	6,607
	Geran 46112/M1/2/17 Petak 17, Tingkat No.2 Bangunan No. M1 Lot 16366, Mukim Labu District of Seremban Negeri Sembilan	Apartment	Freehold/ 27 years	1/3/2018	N/A	720	52
	PN9493/M1/3/32 Petak 32, Tingkat No. 3 Bangunan No. M1 Lot 16366, Mukim Labu District of Seremban Negeri Sembilan	Apartment	Leasehold for 99 years expiring 2093/27 years	1/3/2018	N/A	720	52
	13-G, 13-1, 13-2 & 13-3 Master Title Pajakan Negeri 91580 Lot 100010, Mukim Petaling Daerah Petaling Selangor	4 storey shoplots	Leasehold for 99 years expiring 2108/10 years	1/1/2020	N/A	4,664	2,859
	GRN 60415/M2/4/114 Petak 114, Tingkat No. 4 Bangunan No. M2 Lot 9132, Mukim Sentul District of Seremban Negeri Sembilan	Apartment	Freehold/ 20 years	1/3/2020	N/A	678	50
	PT 5118, Jalan 2/E Taman Semarak 71800 Nilai Negeri Sembilan	Double storey terrace house	Freehold/ 28 years	1/2/2010	0.04	1,920	134
	Lot 785, Jln. Lengkok Emas Kawasan Perindustrian Nilai 71800 Nilai Negeri Sembilan	Industrial land	Leasehold for 60 years expiring 2051	1/3/2021	3.65	158,800	3,095

PROPERTIES OF THE GROUP

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021 cont'd

Registered / Beneficial Owner	Location of Property	Description of Property	Tenure/Age of building (years)	Date of Acquisition	Total Land Area (Acres)	Total Built Up Area (Sq. ft.)	NBV 31/3/2021 (RM'000)
Sun Tong Seng Mould-Tech Sdn. Bhd.	PT No.11479 & 11481 Mukim of Kajang District of Ulu Langat Selangor Darul Ehsan	2 adjoining units of semi-attached factories each having mezzanine office annexe	Leasehold for 99 years expiring 2086/33 years	3/5/1994	0.57	13,587	1,526
	PT No.11478 (M) 9647 Mukim of Kajang District of Ulu Langat Selangor Darul Ehsan	Semi-attached factories with a mezzanine office annexe	7 1 3	20/9/1994	0.24	5,867	520



FORM OF PROXY

CDS Account No.

No. of Shares held

I/We							
of		(Full Name in Bl	ock Letters and NR	IC No./	Passport N		
and *te	lephone no./ email address	S				(Full Addre	ess)
being a	member of SKP Resource	es Bhd (" the Company "), hereby app	point the following	g perso	n(s)		
		lress (in Block Letters) t Proxy)	NRIC / Passport No.		o. of ares	% of Shareholding	ng
	•						Ť
Email	:	Contact No.:					
*and/or		I					
		lress (in Block Letters) nd Proxy)	NRIC / Passport No.		o. of ares	% of Shareholding	ıg
Email	:	Contact No.:					
Online 2021 at Please	Meeting Platform hosted of 3:00 p.m. or any adjournr indicate with an "x" in the	al Meeting ("21st AGM") of the Con on Securities Services e-Portal at htt ment thereof. e appropriate space(s) provided below iven, the proxy will vote or abstain for	ps://sshsb.net.my	// on W	ednesda	y, 29 Septeml	ber
No.	Ordinary Resolution				For	Agains	t
1.	To re-elect Mr. Koh Chin k	Koon as Director					
2.	To re-elect Ms. Anita Che	w Cheng Im as Director					
3.	To re-elect Mr. Goh Kah Ir	m as Director					
4.	To approve the payment of	Directors' Fees for the financial year en	nded 31 March 20	21			
5.		of Directors' fees for the period from a payable on a quarterly basis in arre					
6.	To re-appoint Ernst & You	ng PLT as Auditors of the Company					
As Sp	ecial Business						
7.	To retain Mr. Koh Song He	eng as an Independent Director of th	ne Company				
8.	To authorise Directors to is:	sue shares pursuant to the Companies	Act 2016 ("the Ad	ct")			
9.	To approve the Proposed	Renewal of Share Buy-Back Author	ity				
* Strike	e out whichever is not desi	red.					
Signed	this day of	, 2021.					

Fold This Flap For Sealing

Notes:

(a) As a precautionary measure amid the outbreak of Coronavirus Disease ("COVID-19") pandemic, the Company shall conduct the AGM fully virtual via the Remote Participation and Voting ("RPV") facilities provided by SS E Solutions Sdn Bhd via its Securities Services e-Portal at https://sshsb.net.mv/.

According to the Guidance Note and Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") on the Conduct of General Meetings for Listed Issuers revised by the Securities Commission Malaysia on 16 July 2021 ("Revised Guidance Note and FAQs"), an online meeting platform can be recognised as the meeting venue or place under Section 327(2) of the Act provided that the online platform is registered with MyNIC Berhad or hosted in Malaysia.

Shareholders WILL NOT BE ALLOWED to attend the AGM in person at the Meeting Venue on the day of the Meeting.

By utilising the RPV facilities at Securities Services e-Portal (prior registration as a User is required), shareholders are to remotely participate, speak (by way of posing questions to the Board via real time submission of typed texts) and cast their votes at the AGM. Please refer to the Administrative Guide for procedures to utilise the RPV facilities and take note of Notes (b) to (h) below in order to participate remotely via RPV facilities.

- (b) In respect of deposited securities, only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors on 22 September 2021 ("General Meeting Record of Depositors") shall be eliable to participate, speak and vote at the Meeting.
- (c) A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint more than one (1) proxy to attend and vote in his stead. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- (d) A proxy may but does not need to be a member of the Company and a member may appoint any person to be his proxy without limitation. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy. A proxy appointed to participate, speak and vote at the Meeting shall have the same rights as the member to speak at the Meeting.

As guided by the Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidance Note and FAQs on the Conduct of General Meetings for Listed Issuers as revised, the right to speak is not limited to verbal communication only but includes other modes of expression. Therefore, all members, proxies and/or corporate representatives shall communicate with the main venue of the 21st AGM via real time submission of typed texts through a text box within Securities Services e-Portal's platform during the live streaming of the 21st AGM as the primary mode of communication. In the event of any technical glitch in this primary mode of communication, members, proxies or corporate representatives may email their questions to eservices@sshsb.com.my during the 21st AGM. The questions and/or remarks submitted by the members, proxies and/or corporate representatives will be broadcasted and responded by the Chairman, Board of Directors and/or Management during the Meeting.

- (e) In the case of a corporate member, the instrument appointing a proxy must be either under its common seal or under the hand of its officer or attorney duly authorised.
- (f) Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.

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Please Affix Stamp

SKP RESOURCES BHD

[Registration No. 200001021690 (524297-T)]

c/o The Poll Administrator SS E Solutions Sdn. Bhd. [Registration No. 202001010461 (1366781-T)] Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur

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- (g) A member who has appointed a proxy or attorney or authorised representative to attend, participate, speak and vote at the AGM via RPV facilities must request his/her proxy to register himself/herself for RPV facilities at Securities Services e-Portal at https://sshsb.net.my/. Please refer to the Administrative Guide for procedures to utilise the RPV facilities.
- (h) Publication of Notice of AGM and Proxy Form on corporate website

Pursuant to Section 320(2) of the Act, a copy of this Notice together with the Proxy Form are available at the corporate website of SKP Resources Bhd at https://www.skpres.com/AR.html

(i) Submission of Proxy Form in either hard copy form or electronic form

The appointment of proxy(ies) may now be made either in hard copy form or by electronic form, and, shall be deposited with the Company's Poll Administrator, namely, SS E Solutions Sdn Bhd, either at the designated office as stated below or vide Securities Services e-Portal, not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM or adjournment thereof (i.e. on or before Monday, 27 September 2021 at 3:00 p.m.):-

Mode of Submission

Designated Address

Hard copy

SS E Solutions Sdn Bhd Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara, Heights, 50,000 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan

Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan Fax: 03-2094 9940 and/ or 03-2095 0292

Electronic appointment

Email: eservices@sshsb.com.my Securities Services e-Portal Weblink: https://sshsb.net.my/

Personal Data Privacy

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and /or representative(s), the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of Annual General Meeting dated 30 August 2021.

www.skpres.com

SKP RESOURCES BHD [Registration No. 200001021690 (524297-T)]

Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur

Tel: (603) 2084 9000 Fax: (603) 2094 9940